

# OWNER'S MANUAL FOR DUOSEAL® VACUUM PUMPS

MODELS: 1400, 1405, 1402, 1376, 1397, 1374, 1399, 1380, 1392

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Installation Operation Maintenance Specification Dimensional Drawings Parts List Accessories MSDS Sheet for DUOSEAL® OIL



WARNING Never Block the Exhaust Port. If the exhaust is blocked, pressure will build-up in the pump with the potential of the pump body bursting and causing possible injury to personnel in the area.

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# PLEASE READ BEFORE OPERATION

While reading your manual, please pay close attention to areas labeled **WARNINGAND CAUTIONS**. The description of each is found below.

### WARNING

Warnings are given where failure to observe instruction could result in injury or death to people

### CAUTION

Cautions are found where failure to observe the instruction should result in damage to the equipment, associated equipment and process.

These units conform to the SI International system of units of measurement. The following symbols (with recommendations of IEC1010) of warning will be found on the pump.

Caution-refer to accompanying documents



Caution- risk of electrical shock





WARNING Motor includes a self resetting thermal cutout and the pump could restart without actuation under fault condition.

# Section 1: INSTALLATION

### **1.1 Introduction**

This manual has been complied not only for the care and maintenance of the DUOSEAL pump now in your possession but as a helpful reference and guide for many problems which are usually associated with mechanical vacuum pumps. Take time to read these instructions carefully and preserve this manual for future reference; we think it will be useful to you.

### 1.2 Unpacking

Carefully remove the pump from the shipping case and unfasten and remove the wooden skid. Preserve all paper work and inspection tags for future reference. If damage has occurred from shipment a claim must be filed with the carrier immediately; preserve the shipping container for inspection by the carrier. If you are required to communicate with your dealer or with Welch Vacuum be sure to include your order numbers for quick identification. Do not return the pump to the factory with out first calling for a returned goods number.

### 1.3 Pump Mounting

### 1.3a Mounted Pumps

Rubber bumpers are supplied with most of our mounted pumps, either loosely or attached. Bumpers are excellent for applications involving a semi-flexible surface such as a bench top; they help to isolate noise and eliminate creeping. For more rigid requirements, the pump base may be bolted directly to a firm foundation with or without the bumpers. All DUOSEAL pumps should be mounted in a horizontal plane.

### 1.3b Unmounted Pumps

If you have purchased an unmounted pump, refer to parts list for information concerning the motor, motor pulley and belt necessary to drive your particular pump at the recommended speed.

### **1.4 Pump Location**

The pump should be located preferably in a clean and well ventilated area and adequate space should be provided wherever possible for routine maintenance such as changes of oil and belt adjustments and replacements. Above all, the pump should be located as closely as possible to its system in order to utilize it most efficiently. Its location should include such determining factors as the length and size of connections, the number of bends and the type of exhaust connections.

### 1.5 Exhaust Provisions (See Accessory section in back of this manual.)

Exhaust connections will be determined by the type of system to be exhausted and the desired cleanliness of the atmosphere surrounding the pump. Under normal conditions of mild evacuation nothing more than the dust cap will be necessary to cover the port. Where relatively high gas flows are involved or where the presence of oil vapor is objectionable an exhaust filter may be fastened to the exhaust port in place of the dust cap. The exhaust filters used on our pumps are capable of absorbing and restricting any vapor particle larger than 0.1 micron.



# WARNING Never block the exhaust port. If the exhaust port is blocked, pressure will built-up in the pump with the potential of the pump body bursting and causing possible injury to personnel in the area.

Where extreme exhaust conditions are encountered it is best to pipe the exhaust direct out of the building. Welch recommended wire reinforced PVC, metal pipe or thick walled rubber hose be used as exhaust lines to avoid potential of line becoming crimped or collapsing resulting in the exhaust port being clocked. Be sure to call Welch technical service prior to start-up at 847-676-8800 if you have any questions.

### **1.6 Electrical Power**

### 1.6a Power source Review

Review the power source and the motor rating to be sure they agree in voltage, phase and frequency. On three-phase applications the direction of rotation of the motor must be considered. Make a momentary check rotation at the time of power installation and wiring. Momentary backward rotation of the pump is not harmful. Check the layout drawings for proper direction of rotation.



### CAUTION Make certain the power settings on the pump match your power source before attempting to operate the pump



### 1.6b Overload Protection

Motor thermal overload protection is made available by the motor manufacturer as an aid to minimizing motor failure. Overload protection is a standard feature on all single-phase 60Hz motors. Single-phase motors will normally have automatic overload protection. Motors of 1-1/2 horsepower or larger supplied with DUOSEAL pumps contain no overload protection. Installations of such equipment must comply with local electrical codes which dictate appropriate starter and protection devices. It is strongly suggested that you familiarize yourself with the protection supplied with your motor so that you may react accordingly in the event of an emergency. Automatic reset protection is designed to reset itself after a predetermined cooling period. If the fault to the drive remains unaltered, the motor will cycle on and off until the fault is corrected. The motor data plate will indicate the presence of thermal protection.

### 1.7 Vacuum Connections (See Accessory Section in back of this manual.)

### 1.7a Choice of Connections

The choice of connections and fitting can have a very marked effect on the pumping speed at the vacuum chamber. Any connection placed between the pump and the chamber creates an impedance to the flow of gas. This is particularly true at low pressures in the millitorr range where the gas flow is substantially molecular in character. The gas flow is then dependent upon the kinetic activity of the molecules to bring it to the intake of the pump.

### 1.7b The Effects of Condutance

It has been shown that the conductance of a tube is proportional to the cube of its radius and inversely proportional to its length. Therefore it is imperative that the connecting lines be as large in diameter and as short in length as practical. For best results the diameter of the connecting tube should be at least as large as the diameter of the pump intake. To avoid a large reduction in pumping speed at the vacuum chamber, it is clear that the conductance of the line must be considerably greater than the speed of the pump.

### 1.7c Metal Joints

If metal piping or tubing is used, it is preferable to solder or braze all of the connections. Where threaded joints must be used, coat the threads with LocTite® Thread Sealant with Teflon®, or Leak Lock and screw together tightly. Flanged connections with elastomer gaskets make excellent demountable joints. Modular vacuum piping and fittings are now extensively used.

### 1.7d Rubber Tubing Joints

Where metal tubing is used between the system and the pump intake, joints can be make by butting the ends of the two sections together in a short section of vacuum hose. Worm-screw band clamps are useful for securing the hose to the tubing. Whatever the joint you choose to use, cleanliness should be of utmost importance.

### 1.7e Valves and Stopcocks

Metal valves or stopcocks may be used in the connecting line between the system and the pump to provide a means of isolating the pump from the system. To minimize the impedance of flow, the valve openings should be as large as possible. Lubricate the rotating plug of the stopcock with a film of vacuum grease sufficiently thick enough to prevent seizure.

### 1.8 Vacuum Gauges (See Accessory section in the back of this manual.)

The type of vacuum gauge to be used is determined largely by the pressure range to be measured. Pressures in the ranges produced by DUOSEAL pumps can be covered by McLeod, Pirani or Thermocouple gauges. The McLeod gauge is used where high accuracy of measurement is required. The Pirani and Thermocouple gauges are electrical and give continuous readings of the total pressure. There are preferred where rapid pressure changes occur. The McLeod gauge does not measure condensable vapors; therefore, if vapors are present it will generally read lower in pressure than electrical gauges. For higher vacuums in systems employing diffusion, turbo-molecular or ion pumps, a hot or cold cathode gauge is used.

### 1.9 Traps (See Accessory section in the back of this manual.)

### 1.9a The need for a Trap

Where corrosive vapors or large quantities of condensable vapors are evolved from vacuum processing, a cold trap may be used in the connecting line to the pump. It will help prevent damage to the pump mechanism and reduce oil contamination. The cold trap, immersed in a suitable Dewar flask, is installed to that the vapors may come in contact with the surfaces of the trap and condense. Commonly used refrigerants are liquid nitrogen or dry ice and acetone. The refrigerant to be used depends upon the freezing point of the contaminations. A variety of cold traps are available from Welch Vacuum, Thomas Industries, inc.

### 1.9b The care of a Trap

When using a cold trap the refrigerant should be maintained at a high level in the flask to keep the trap at a uniformly low temperature. If the trap is re-warmed it may allow re-evaporation of the condensate. The refrigerant add tube on the liquid nitrogen trap should not be obstructed as the refrigerant boil-off can produce dangerously high pressures. If the trap becomes saturated it should be disconnected from the system, drained and cleaned. An increase in pressure in the vacuum system will normally indicate that the trap has become saturated. To clean the trap, remove the trap from the system, allow the trap to warm up and rinse off the condensate with a suitable solvent in a fume hood. Thoroughly clean and dry the trap before reinstalling in the system.

### 1.10 Types of Lubricants (See Accessory section in the back of this manual.)

All DUOSEAL mechanical vacuum pumps are normally tested with DUOSEAL® oil and shipped with a full charge to prevent unnecessary contamination. An additional supply of oil is furnished with each pump with instruction to drain and discard the oil contaminated in the pump and replace with the fresh oil. DUOSEAL oil has been especially prepared and is ideally suited for use in mechanical vacuum pumps because of its desirable viscosity, low vapor pressure and chemical stability.

The vacuum guarantee on all DUOSEAL pumps applies only when DUOSEAL oil is used. Other lubricants for special applications are available including various lubricants compatibility, lubricants for use with diffusion pumps as well as other special requirements.

# Section 2: OPERATION

# 2.1 Starting Procedures

### 2.1a Starting a DUOSEAL Pump

Before attaching the pump to a system it is well to familiarize yourself with the function and action of the pump which you have now required.Remove the intake and exhaust port plugs and temporarily provide a stopper for the intake and a dust cap for the exhaustReview the power requirements as described in Section 1.6.



CAUTION Do not run this pump with the intake open directly to the atmosphere. The pump will overheat, excessive oil mist will be emitted from the exhaust and the pump will eventually seize.

# 2.1b Starting of the Model 1392 with Diffusion Pump.

1. Turn on Mechanical pump ONLY until a pressure of 100 millitorr or less has been reached.



### WARNING

Do NOT operate diffusion pump until a pressure of 100 millitorr has been reached. Turning on the diffusion pump before a pressure of 100 millitorr has been reached will damage your diffusion pump and may cause serious damage to surroundingequipment and personnel.

2. After a pressure of 100 millitorr had been reached by the mechanical pump, plug in the diffusion pump. Make sure diffusion pump has oil in it at an appropriate level before turning it on. Check the oil indicator sight glass to confirm oil level. Also, make sure that fan is on when operating diffusion pump. Note that it will take the diffusion pump a few minutes to warm up.

### Refer to the Varian diffusion pump manual for more information.

### 2.1c Cleanliness

Take every precaution to prevent foreign from entering the pump. A fine mesh screen is provided for this purpose in the intake passage of all DUOSEAL pumps.

# 2.1d Oil Level Determination

The amount of oil suitable for efficient and satisfactory performance should be determined after the pump has reached its operating temperature. Initially, however, the pump should be filled with fresh oil while the pump is idle. Fill the pump until the oil level falls half way of the oil level window. If after a short period of operation the level should fall, it is likely the result of oil entering some of the interior pockets of the pump. If the oil level rises, this signifies oil has drained into the pump cavity while pump was idle. Shut off pump, then drain oil down to proper level.

If a gurgling sound occurs, additional oil must be added. Mechanical pumps will gurgle in varying degrees under four conditions of performance: [a] when operating at high pressure as in the beginning cycles of evacuation of a chamber; [b] when the oil level in the pump reservoir is lower than required; [c] when a large leak is present in the system; and [d] when the gas ballast is open. Awareness of the possibilities will save time in setting up a system. Best performance of a mechanical pump is generally obtained after sufficient time has been allowed for the pump to come to operating temperature.

### 2.2 Leak Detection

### 2.2a Large Leaks

The importance of eliminating all leaks in a vacuum system is obvious when it is realized that a leak into the system, at atmospheric pressure, expands in volume by a factor of 750,000 to 10,000,000 or more. The pump must remove this added volume to maintain the desired vacuum. Fortunately a number of effective techniques for leak detection have been developed. Large leaks can be located by pressurizing the system and painting the suspected area with a thick soap solution. Escaping air will produce soap bubbles.

### 2.2b Small Leaks

Small leaks may also be detected by spraying a suspected area with acetone or gases rich in hydrogen, and observing a sudden change in pressure on an electrical gauge. The difference in calibration of these gauges, for air and other gases, will produce a distinct change in the pressure reading. To use this method of detection, the system must be under vacuum and the gauge sensing tube must be located between the pump and the area to be probed. Use extreme caution, as these materials are highly flammable!

### 2.2c Fine Leaks

Locating very fine leaks requires a helium-sensitive, mass-spectrometer leak detector. This instrument will locate leaks which cannot be detected by any other method. Numerous fine leaks can have the total effect of a large leak.

### 2.3 High Pressure Operation

DOUSEAL two-stage pumps are designed to be most efficient when operated at or near their ultimate blankoff pressure. The pump is designed to remove air from a vacuum system at atmospheric pressure to a deep vacuum. When the pump is operated at elevated pressures up to about 10 Torr for long periods of time, the pump will run hotter. At elevated ambient temperatures under these conditions, the thermal protection switch on single phase motors may cute out. Use of an exhaust filter with coalescing element is required.



### CAUTION for prolonged period

Do not run this pump for prolonged periods of time at or above 10 Torr. The pump will overheat, excessive oil mist will be emitted from the exhaust and the pump will eventually seize.



Leaky vacuum systems, too large a vacuum chamber for pump size or high gas loads to the vacuum systems are causes for extended runs of the pump at elevated pressure. If you need additional information, please contact Welch Vacuum at 847-676-8800, extension 1, for further information and precautions.

### 2.4 Shutdown Procedures

### 2.4a DuoSeal Shutdown

A few simple precautions are all that is necessary when shutdown is in order. If a gauge is connected to the system, first isolate the gauge, then turn off the power and open the system to atmosphere. If the pump is removed from the system, cover the intake port with a rubber stopper or suitable cover to protect the pump against contamination and loose particles. If the pump has been contaminated in service and is going to be shelved for a prolonged period it is best to drain the oil refill with a fresh charge.

### 2.5 the Principle of Gas Ballast

### 2.5a the Effects of Unwanted Vapor

systems which contain undesirable vapors cause difficulty both from the standpoint of attaining desirable ultimate pressures as well as contamination of the lubricating medium. A vapor is defined as the gaseous form of any substance which is usually a liquid or a solid. Water, oil and a mercury vapors are three of the more common vapors encountered in typical vacuum systems. When such vapors exist in a system, the vapors or mixtures of gas and vapor are subject to condensation within the pump; the precipitated liquid may thus ultimately dissolve or become emulsified with the lubricating medium. This emulsion is recirculated to the chambers of the pump where it is again volatilized causing increased pressure within the system.

### 2.5b the Presence and Removal of Condensate

Condensation takes place particularly in the compression stroke of the backing or second stage of a two-stage pump. The compression stroke is that portion of the cycle during which the gas drawn from the intake port is compresses to the pressure necessary to expel it past the exhaust valve. Condensation takes place when the ratio between the initial pressure and the end pressure of the compression is high, that is, when the mixture of vapor and gas drawn from the intake port is compressed from a low pressure to high pressure. By adding air though the gas ballast valve to the mixture of vapor and gas being compressed, the pressure required for delivery past the exhaust valve is reached with a considerably smaller reduction of the volume of the mixture; this, depending upon the amount of air added, condensation of the vapor is wither entirely avoided or substantial reduced.

### 2.5c Pump function With Gas Ballast

In a pump functioning on a contaminated system and operating without the gas ballast, compression within the stage takes place in the normal manner until the saturation pressure of the contaminating vapor contained within the mixture of gas and vapor is reached. The saturation pressure of water vapor is that pressure and corresponding temperature at which the dew point of the vapor is reached and condensation occurs. The saturation pressure of water vapor at an ambient temperature of 20°C is 17.5 Torr, while at 60°C, the approximate operating temperature of a pump, the saturation pressure is 149 Torr. The external side of the exhaust valve is subjected to atmospheric pressure. Consequently a compressive force somewhat greater than atmospheric pressure is required to open the valve and permit expulsion of the gas. Sometime during increased compression of the mixture of gas and vapors, the saturation pressure of 149 Torr for the water vapor is reached and the vapor condenses. The condensate is then allowed to emulsify with the oil which is recirculated within the pump stages this providing continued contamination of the system.

### 2.5d Pump function with Gas Ballast

On the other hand, when ballast air at atmospheric pressure is supplied to the compression stroke by means of the gas ballast, the partial pressure of the unwanted vapor becomes a very small part of the total pressure of the mixture of gas, vapor and newly supplied air. The vapor is thus prevented from reaching its saturation pressure corresponding to the temperature of the pump and is finally expelled form the pump as a vapor.

### 2.5e Controlled Ballast Flow

Some degree of variation in ballast flow may be obtained by the amount of opening applied tot he gas ballast. Two or more turns of the gas ballast are sufficient to open it wide. With the gas ballast open, the sound of the exhaust is similar to that of a pump operating against a large leak. Because of the increased pressure introduced into the compression stroke, the pump must work a little hard to function, thus resulting in an increased operating temperature of approximately 8°C over a prolonged period of time. Tests have shown that continuous and prolonged operation for several weeks under these conditions is not injurious tot he pump.

### 2.5f Other Forms of contamination control

The application of the gas ballast is a moderate and very successful method for the removal of condensable vapors. For very heavily laden systems, other means of removal such as oil separators may be required. For mild cases of contamination the simple expedient of a cold trap or a change of oil serve the purpose.

# **Section 3: MAINTENANCE**

# 3.1 Vacuum Problems

# 3.1a Pressure Determinations

Leakage, contamination and unusual outgassing are the genera causes of problems associated with poor vacuum. To operate a maximum efficiency a system must be thoroughly clean. If the system is completely clean and free from leaks, and unwarranted vacuum problems still exist, the pump should be checked. A simple criterion for the condition of a mechanical pump is a determination of its ultimate pressure capability. This can be accomplished by attaching a gauge directly to the pump. The gauge may be any suitable type provided consideration if given tot e limitations of the gauge being used. Refer to Paragraph 1-8 for further suggestions. If the pressure is unusually high, the pump may be badly contaminated, low on oil or malfunctioning. On the other hand, if the pressure is only slightly higher than the guaranteed pressure of the pump, an oil change may be all that is required.

# 3.1b Oil Contamination

the most common cause of a loss in efficiency in a mechanical pump is contamination of oil. It is caused by condensation of vapors and by foreign particles. The undesirable condensate emulsifies with the oil which is recirculated and subject to re-evaporation during the normal cycle of pump activity this reducing the ultimate vacuum attainable. Some foreign particles and vapors may form a sludge with the oil, impair sealing and lubrication and cause eventual seizure. A gas ballast calve is helpful in removing vapors, especially water, but it is not equally effective on all foreign substances; therefore, periodic oil changes are necessary to maintain efficient operation of the system. The required frequency of changes will vary with the particular system,. Experiences with the process will help you determine the normal period of operation before an oil change required.

# 3.1c Oil Overheating

This pump is designed to operate continuously below 10 Torr. Continuous operation of this pump above 10 Torr will lead to overheating and eventual pump failure. See Section 2.3. High Pressure Operation.

# 3.2 Maintenance of the Model 1392 with Diffusion Pump

# 3.2a Determination of an Oil Change

The Model 1400 pump of the diffusion-mechanical pump combination may be repaired and maintained as outlined in the preceding paragraphs, The pump fluid of the diffusion pump should be inspected periodically for color change and odor. If the fluid is slightly darkened and had no odor, a simple change of fluid is normally all that is needed. If the fluid had developed a noticeable odor, the pump should be cleaned. Follow the instructions in the Owner's Manual for the Diffusion Pump.

# 3.2b Diffusion Pump Cleaning Procedures

To clean the diffusion pump, first turn off the power. Turn off the cooling fan and disconnect the power plug after the diffusion pump has cooled. Disconnect the inlet and foreline connections. Do not scratch or damage sealing surfaces. Remove the cold cap and jet assembly and all O-rings and gaskets. Drain oil from the diffusion pump. Thoroughly clean the diffusion pump body interior and the jet assembly with acetone followed by an isopropyl alcohol rinse. The inside of the pump can be dried using dry nitrogen. Install jet assembly with he cold cap inside of the pump body. Fill the pump with 30ml of fresh diffusion pump fluid. Reinstall the pump in the system. For more detailed information and how to replace a burned heater red instructions on the AX-65 Diffusion Pump Instruction Manual supplied with this pump.



# WARNING

Solvents, such as acetone, used to clean different pumps are extremely hazard ous. Inhalation may be fatal or harmful. Acetone is also extremely flammable. Never use acetone near heat or open flame. Use only in a well ventilated area.

### 3.3 Oil Changes and Oil Level

### 3.3a Developing a Maintenance Schedule

After studying many examples of pump failure, Welch has found the most common reason is poor condition of the oil. This is why a regular maintenance schedule for the oil is critical to obtain the longest service life out of your DUOSEAL pump. Welch recommends that you examine the condition of the oil on a daily basis in the early days of a new process or experiment. You want to look for discoloration of the oil and whether the oil level is rising. The discoloration can indicate deterioration of the oil and a rising oil level can indicate condensation of vapors is occurring in the pump. When changes occur, the oil needs to be change. If no changes in the oil level or color are observed, extended pump service life is obtained if the oil is changed every three to four months.

### 3.3b Forced Oil Flushing

When you drain oil through the drain valve, you are not removing the oil and contaminants that are inside the pumping mechanism. You are removing oil only from the oil case. Welch recommends a forced oil flush of DUOSEAL pumps be performed at the regular maintenance oil change. The procedure for the forced oil flush is given below.

### 1. Check the oil level.

If the oil level is well above the fill mark, (This may indicate either the pump has been overfilled with oil or has ingested a liquid or a large amount of vapor water or organic solvents.) Please go to step 2. If the oil level is even with the fill mark and you do **NOT** suspect corrosive gases or particulates (hence forth called **contaminants**) ingested have damaged the mechanism, run the pump for 15 minutes to allow the pump oil to warm up before going to step 2.

2. Turn off motor for the vacuum pump. Drain the oil into a clear plastic container (may need pliers to open drain valve). Look for contaminations settling to the bottom of container. If you see contaminants, you will need to repeat step 3 through 5 several times until the oil comes out clear. The oil you drained from the pump came from the oil case only. There may be contaminants in the pumping mechanism. To be sure all contaminants have been removed, the pump mechanism needs to be flushed.

- **3.** Make sure the belt guard is installed before proceeding further. Attach a short hose to the drain valve which runs into a clear plastic container.
- **4.** Flushing the pump is carried out by adding a cup of DUOSEAL vacuum pump oil through the intake port (IN) while the pump is turned on for 15 to 20 seconds. While adding the pump oil, the palm of your hand is placed lightly over the exhaust port (OUT). Look for water coming out of the drain. Turn off the pump.
- 5. Repeat step 4 until clean oil comes out of the drain hose.
- 6. Fill the pump with the amount of DUOSEAL vacuum pump oil your pump needs.
- 7. Plug the intake (IN) port with a rubber stopper. Turn the pump on and run the pump for 10 minutes. Close the gas ballast.
- **8.** Check the vacuum reading of the pump by connecting a thermocouple gauge tube to the pump's intake. If the pump is running nearly as good as when it was new, the total pressure reading you will read on wither of these two gauges will be at least 10 micron.

A simple way to connect the gauge tube to the pump is to run the threaded tip of tube through a hole in a rubber stopper. Use pump oil as a lubricant for inserting the tube. The stopper chosen should be bigger than the outer diameter of the intake flange.

### 3.3c Refilling The Pump

After you are satisfied that the pump has been thoroughly flushed, refill the pump by pouring new DUOSEAL oil into the exhaust port. Fill to the indicated level and start the pump with the intake closed. A gurgling noise is characteristic when high pressure air is drawn through the pump. It should disappear quickly as the pressure within the pump is reduced. If gurgling continues, add sufficient additional oil through the exhaust port until gurgling ceases.

### 3.4 Shaft Seal Replacement

To replace the shaft seal of a pump, drain the oil and remove the pump pulley and key. Remove the screws securing the old seal and pry it loose with a screwdriver or similar wedge, being careful not to mar the surface of the pump body against which the seal fits. Discard the seal and its gasket, inspect all surfaces and repair any damages with a fine abrasive stone. Wipe all sealing areas clean and place a film of DUOSEAL oil on both the shaft and the inside bore of the new shaft seal. Using a new gasket, carefully slide the new seal into position and center it on the shaft. It is not necessary to apply any sealant to the gasket. Tighten the mounting screws uniformly and refill the pump with DUOSEAL oil. Follow instructions included in repair kit.

### 3.5 Repairing Vacuum Leaks

### 3.5a Location, Cause and Effect

Oil leaks may develop wherever two mating faces are sealed with a gasket. Such seams may fail as the result of deterioration of the gasket material, loosening of the screws caused by temperature variations, or improper care as the result of previous reassembly. Typical gaskets seams in a mechanical pump are located at the oil level window, the shaft seal, the oil drain, and the mating faces of such mechanical surfaces as the intake chamber cover, the oil case, and the exhaust chamber cover. The importance of a gasketed seam is determined principally by its function. If it is a vacuum seal, the ultimate performance of the pump is dependent upon it. If it is an oil seal, the pump may be operated satisfactorily for some time without loss of function. Eventually, of course, a great loss of oil may cause harmful damage.

### 3.5b Repairing Techniques

An oil seam may be sealed by any of several methods. When an O-ring is employed, the surfaces of the O-ring and its groove should be wiped clean. If the O-ring is not badly deformed or scratched it may be reused by sealing with a slight film of vacuum oil or vacuum grease. Thin composition gaskets are generally used for large irregularly shaped areas. A replacement joint of this type should be thoroughly cleaned of all previous gasket material and the mating surfaces cleaned of any nicks.

### 3.6 Repairing Vacuum Leaks

### 3.6a Surface Preparation

Good Vacuum seals are an essential and important attribute of a good mechanical pump. A good seal is dependent upon the quality of the mating surfaces as well as the sealant and its preparation. The mating faces should be carefully inspected for any projections or foreign particles which might interfere with proper mating. Slight projections such as nicks and burrs are most easily removed by rubbing with a fine abrasive stone. The surface of the mating parts may be washed with a solvent or alcohol after which they must be thoroughly dried.

### 3.6b Temporary Repair

Temporary vacuum repairs are often made by covering the known leak with an industrial sealant such as Loctite with Teflon. Such a practice, however, is not recommended for seals of a permanent nature.

### **3.7 Drive Problems**

If for any reason the pump will not operate, turn off the power and check the fuse and electrical connections. Then try the power to the motor only by removing the belt. If the motor operates properly try hand-rotating the pump in the proper direction with the pump intake port open. If both turn freely then replace the belt and check the belt tension. The tension should be sufficient to drive the pump without visible slippage. Any greater tension will cause noise and possible damage to the bearings of both the motor and pump. Make certain that both pulley grooves are clean and free from oil. The pulleys must be fastened securely on their respective shafts, and in parallel alignment.

# Section 4: TROUBLE-SHOOTING GUIDE

### 4.1 Poor Vacuum Reading

- 1. Disconnect vacuum pump from your vacuum system.
- 2. Obtain 1 gallon of DUOSEAL oil, 1 gallon or larger clear plastic container, clear drain hose (1/4 inch ID by at least 2.5 feet long), rubber gloves, goggles, apron and pliers.
- 3. Carry out a forced oil flush (See Section 3.3b) if motor can turn pumping mechanism without excessive noise. If pumping mechanism cannot be turned by motor, have pump sent into factory repair center.
- 4. Check ultimate vacuum with thermocouple gauge. If reading is still unsatisfactory, consult with Welch Technical Service after checking for leaks in your connections.

### 4.2 Noisy Pump

- 1. Locate noise source on your vacuum pump (motor, belt, pump).
- 2. If motor makes noise:
  - . Check for loose bolts on motor mount.
  - . Motor may need to be replaced
- 3. If belt makes noise:
  - . Pulley may be bent. If so, replace.
  - . Loose belt, tighten by loosening bolts on motor and moving motor away from pump until belt exhibits a 1/2 inch deflection.
- 4. If pump makes noise: vanes may be sticking, carry out a forced oil flush.
- 5. If noise level is still unsatisfactory, consult with WELCH Technical Service at (847)676-8800, Extension 1.

### 4.3 Excessive Oil Mist

- 1. Check oil level. Maintain the level between the two lines on the oil window during operation. Too high a level will cause excess oil mist.
- 2. Determine the vacuum level in your system with a thermocouple gauge or manometer. **Be sure** the pump is operating at a pressure of 10 Torr or lower for continuous operation.

# CAUTION: if not, discuss application with Welch Technical service before proceeding to prevent oil from overheating and breaking down resulting in the pump failing.

- 3. A system leak(s) or degassing can cause excessive oil mist. Locate and seal the vacuum leaks. High vapor loads may require a larger pump to compensate.
- 4. An oil eliminator can be installed for coalescing the oil mist from the exhaust gases. If an oil mist eliminator is already installed, the element may need to be replaced if saturated with oil. Open up oil mist eliminator and examine the element; replace if needed.
- 5. Check the oil condition for any visible change in color or consistency. contaminants in the oil can add to the amount of oil exhausted. Carry out a forced oil flush if contamination is discovered. (See Section 3.3b.)

$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$		1376B-01 N/A 1376C-03* 1376M-01 N/A N/A 1401D 41-0612 41-0612 41-0612 41-063 61-2278 61-2278	1397B-01 N/A 1397C-03 1397M-01 N/A N/A 1401F 41-1501 41-1501 41-1495 41-1495 61-2278	1374B-01 N/A 1374C-02* 1374M-01 N/A	1399B-01 N/A	1380B-01 N/A
I for 230V, 60Hz, 1Ph       1400C-01       1405C-01       1402C-01         I for 230V, 50Hz, 1Ph       N/A       1402M-01       1         I for 230V, 50Hz, 3Ph       N/A       1402C-02*       1402C-02*         I for 230V, 50Hz, 3Ph       N/A       N/A       1402M-01       1         I for 230V, 50Hz, 3Ph       N/A       N/A       1402C-02*       1402C-02*         I for 230V, 50Hz, 3Ph       N/A       N/A       1401D       01       1         I for 230V, 50Hz, 3Ph       N/A       N/A       1401D       01       1         Seal: Lip Seal       1401E       1401E       1401E       1401D       01       1         Seal: Lip Seal       1401E       1401E       1401E       1401D       01       1         Seal: Mechanical Seal       1401E       1401E       1401D       01       1       010         Seal: Lip Seal       1401E       1401E       1401E       1401E       1410660       1       010       01		N/A 1376C-03* 1376M-01 N/A N/A N/A 1401D 41-0612 41-0612 41-062 41-0234 41-0234 61-2278 61-2278	N/A 1397C-03 1397M-01 N/A N/A 1401F -01 1401F 41-1501 41-1501 41-1495 41-1496 61-2278	N/A 1374C-02* 1374M-01 N/A	N/A	N/A
I for 230V, 50Hz, 1Ph       1400C-02*       1405C-02*       1402C-02*       1         I for 230V, 60Hz, 3Ph       N/A       N/A       1402M-01       1         I for 230V, 50Hz, 3Ph       N/A       N/A       1402M-01       1         I for 230V, 50Hz, 3Ph       N/A       N/A       1402C-02*       1401D-01       1         Replacement Parts       1401E       1401E       1401E       1401D       1       1         Seal: Lip Seal       1401E       1401E       1401E       1401D       1       <		1376C-03* 1376M-01 1376M-01 N/A 1401D -01 1401D 41-0612 41-0234 41-0234 41-0403 61-2278 61-2278	1397C-03 1397M-01 N/A N/A 1401F 41-1501 41-1501 41-1495 41-1495 61-2278	1374C-02* 1374M-01 N/A	$\mathbf{c}$	
I for 230V, 60Hz, 3Ph         N/A         N/A         1402M-01           I for 230V, 50Hz, 3Ph         N/A         N/A         N/A         N/A           Replacement Parts         N/A         N/A         N/A         N/A         N/A           Seal: Lip Seal         1401E         1401E         1401D         01         1401D         01           Seal: Lip Seal         Nechanical Seal         1401E         1401E         1401E         1401D         01           Seal: Lip Seal         1401E         1401E         1401E         1401E         1401D         01           Seal: Mechanical Seal         1401E         1401E         1401E         1401D         01           Seal: Mechanical Seal         1401E         1401E         1401D         01         01           Seal: Mechanical Seal         1401E         1401E         1401E         1401D         01           Seal: Mechanical Seal         41-1335         41-1308         41-0534         41-0553         41-0560           Plug         61-2278         61-2278         61-2278         61-2278         61-2376           Indow         41-1053         41-1304         41-1364         41-1364           Vane <spring< th="">         A1-1</spring<>		1376M-01 N/A 1401D -01 1401D 41-0612 41-1692 41-0234 41-0403 61-2278 61-2278	1397M-01 N/A 1401F -01 1401F 41-1501 41-1501 41-1495 41-1496 61-2278	1374M-01 N/A	1399C-02	N/A
I for 230V, 50Hz, 3Ph         N/A         N/A         N/A           Replacement Parts         A         N/A         N/A         N/A           Seal: Lip Seal         1401E -01         1401E -01         1401D -01         5eal           Seal: Lip Seal         1401E         1401E         1401D         1401D         61           Seal: Mechanical Seal         1401E         1401E         1401D         61         234           Seal: Mechanical Seal         1401E         1401E         1401D         61         234           Seal: Mechanical Seal         141-052         41-1308         41-0660         41-0650           See Casket         41-1052         N/A         41-0234         41-0234           See Gasket         41-1053         41-1308         41-0359         41-3753           Plug         61-2278         61-2278         61-2278         61-2278           Indow         41-1059         41-1308         41-0403         41-0359           Vane         Vane         41-1304         41-1304         41-1304           Vane Spring Holder         41-1303         41-1303         41-1685           Vane Spring Holder         41-1303         41-1303         41-1303      <	┝┥┝┽┽┽┽┽┼┽┽┽┽	N/A 1401D -01 1401D 41-0612 41-1692 41-1692 41-0234 61-2278 61-2278	N/A 1401F -01 1401F 41-1501 41-1501 41-1495 41-1496 61-2278	V/N	N/A	N/A
<b>Replacement Parts</b> Seal: Lip Seal           Seal: Lip Seal         1401E -01         1401D -01           Seal: Mechanical Seal         1401E         1401E         1401D           Seal: Mechanical Seal         1401E         1401E         1401D           Seal: Mechanical Seal         1401E         1401E         1401D           Seal: Mechanical Seal         41-1345         41-0612         1401D           Cap         41-1303         41-1308         41-0234           Chamber Cover Gasket         41-1052         N/A         41-0234           Plug         61-2278         61-2278         61-2278           Indow         41-1053         41-1304         41-3753           Indow         41-1059         41-1304         41-3753           Indow         41-1304         41-1304         41-1304           Vane <spring< td="">         41-1303         41-1304         41-1304           Vane Spring Holder         41-1063         41-1303         41-1304           Vane Spring Holder         41-1063         41-1303         41-2033           Vane Spring Holder         41-1063         41-1303         41-2033           Vane Spring Holder         41-1063</spring<>	│ <del>┣ ╋ ╋ ╋ ╋ ╋ ╋ ╋ ╋ ╋ ╋ ╋</del>	1401D -01 1401D 41-0612 41-1692 41-0234 41-0403 61-2278 41-3753	1401F -01 1401F 41-1501 41-0937 41-1495 41-1496 61-2278	70 L 707 F	N/A	N/A
Seal: Lip Seal       1401E       01       1401E       1401D       01         Seal: Mechanical Seal       1401E       1401E       1401D       01         Seal: Mechanical Seal       41-1345       41-0612       1401D       01         Cap       41-1345       41-1345       41-0612       1401D         Cap       41-1363       41-1308       41-0650       140053         Chamber Cover Gasket       41-1052       N/A       41-0234       140053         Plug       61-2278       61-2278       61-2278       61-2278         Indow       41-1059       41-1304       41-3753       41-3753         Vane       41-1059       41-1294       41-1304       41-304         Vane Spring       41-1304       41-1304       41-1304       41-1304         Vane Spring       41-1303       41-1303       41-1685       41-1685         Vane Spring Holder       41-1063       41-1303       41-1685       41-0696         Vane Spring Holder       41-1063       41-1303       41-1685       41-0696         Vane Spring Holder       41-1063       41-1303       41-0696       41-0696       41-0696       41-0696       41-0696       41-0696       41-0696	┣╉╉╉╋╪╋╋╋	1401D -01 1401D 41-0612 41-1692 41-0234 41-0403 61-2278 41-3753	1401F -01 1401F 41-1501 41-0937 41-1495 41-1496 61-2278			
Seal: Mechanical Seal       1401E       1401E       1401D         Cap       41-1345       41-1060       41-0612         Cap       41-1345       41-0660       41-0660         ter Screen       41-0383       41-1308       41-0660         c Chamber Cover Gasket       41-052       41-0393       41-0369         c Chamber Cover Gasket       41-052       41-052       41-053         Plug       61-2278       61-2278       61-2278         ndow       41-1053       41-3753       41-3753         Plug       61-2278       61-2278       61-2278         indow       41-1059       41-1304       41-3753         Vane       41-1059       41-1294       41-1304         Vane Spring       41-1304       41-1304       41-1304         Vane Spring Holder       41-1303       41-1304       41-1304         Vane Spring Holder       41-1063       41-1303       41-2153         Vane Spring Holder       41-1063       41-1303       41-2093         Vane Spring Holder       41-1303       41-1303       41-2093         Vane Spring Holder       41-1063       41-1303       41-2093         Vane Spring Holder       41-1063       <		1401D 41-0612 41-1692 41-1692 41-0234 61-2278 61-2278 41-3753	1401F 41-1501 41-0937 41-1495 41-1496 61-2278	14U1F -U1	1401E -01	1401D -01
Cap     41-1345     41-0612       ter Screen     41-0890     41-0660       ter Screen     41-0890     41-0660       ter Screen     41-0733     41-0734       ter Screen     41-052     41-0734       ter Screen     41-052     41-0733       ter Screen     41-052     41-0733       Plug     61-2278     61-2278       Indow     41-1053     41-3753       Plug     61-2278     61-2278       Indow     41-1059     41-1304       Vane     41-1059     41-1304       Vane Spring     41-1304     41-1304       Vane Spring Holder     41-1304     41-1304       Vane Spring Holder     41-1063     41-1303       Vane Spring Holder     41-1303     41-2153       Vane Spring Holder     41-1303     41-2153       Vane Spring Holder     41-1303     41-2153       Vane Spring Holder     41-1063     41-1293       Vane Spring Holder     41-1063     41-1293       Vane Spring Holder     41		41-0612 41-1692 41-0234 41-0403 61-2278 61-2278	41-1501 41-0937 41-1495 41-1496 61-2278	1401F	1401E	1401D
ter Screen       41-0890       41-0660         Chamber Cover Gasket       41-0383       41-0234         S Chamber Cover Gasket       41-052       41-0308         Ase Gasket       41-1052       41-0403         Plug       61-2278       61-2278         Indow       41-3753       41-3753         Vane       41-1059       41-1294         Vane       41-1059       41-1294         Vane Spring       41-1304       41-1304         Vane Spring       41-1304       41-1304         Vane Spring       41-1304       41-1304         Vane Spring Holder       41-1063       41-1304         Vane Spring Holder       41-1063       41-1303         Fexhaust Valve       41-1293       41-2153         Fexhaust Valve       41-1293       41-2153         Fexhaust Valve       41-1239       41-2153         Fexhaust Valve       41-1239       41-2153		41-1692 41-0234 41-0403 61-2278 41-3753	41-0937 41-1495 41-1496 61-2278	41-1501	41-1345	41-0612
Chamber Cover Gasket     41-0383     41-1308     41-0234       ise Gasket     41-1052     N/A     41-0403       ise Gasket     61-2278     61-2278     61-2278       Plug     61-2278     61-2278     61-2278       indow     41-1059     41-3753     41-3753       Vane     41-1059     41-1294     41-0959       Vane Spring     41-1059     41-1204     41-1304       Vane Spring Holder     41-1304     41-1304     41-1304       Vane Spring Holder     41-1063     41-1303     41-1685       Vane Spring Holder     41-1063     41-1293     41-2033       r Exhaust Valve     41-1060     41-1293     41-2033       r Exhaust Valve     A1-1239     41-2153     A1-2153		41-0234 41-0403 61-2278 41-3753	41-1495 41-1496 61-2278	41-0937	41-0306	41-0660
ase Gasket     41-1052     N/A     41-0403       Plug     61-2278     61-2278     61-2278       Plug     61-2278     61-2278     61-2278       Indow     41-3753     41-3753     41-3753       Vane     41-1059     41-1294     41-0959       Vane     41-1059     41-1294     41-1304       Vane Spring     41-1304     41-1304     41-1304       Vane Spring Holder     41-1303     41-1304     41-1304       Vane Spring Holder     41-1063     41-1303     41-1685       Vane Spring Holder     41-1063     41-1303     41-2093       Vane Spring Holder     41-1063     41-1293     41-2093       r Exhaust Valve     41-1239     41-1239     41-2153       r Exhaust Valve     A1-1239     41-2153     A1-2153		41-0403 61-2278 41-3753	41-1496 61-2278	41-1495	41-2375	41-0234
Plug     61-2278     61-2278     61-2278       indow     41-3753     41-3753     41-3753       Vane     41-3753     41-3753     41-3753       Vane     41-1059     41-1294     41-0959       Vane Spring     41-1059     41-1294     41-1304       Vane Spring     41-1304     41-1304     41-1304       Vane Spring     41-1304     41-1304     41-1304       Vane Spring Holder     41-1063     41-1303     41-0696       Vane Spring Holder     41-1063     41-1293     41-2033       r Exhaust Valve     41-1239     41-2153     41-2153       r Exhaust Valve     N/A     N/A     A1-2154		61-2278 41-3753	61-2278	41-1496	41-1052	41-0403
indow     41-3753     41-3753     41-3753       Vane     41-1059     41-1294     41-0959       Vane Spring     41-1059     41-1294     41-1487       Vane Spring     41-1059     41-1294     41-1304       Vane Spring     41-1304     41-1304     41-1304       Vane Spring Holder     41-1304     41-1304     41-1304       Vane Spring Holder     41-1063     41-1303     41-1685       Vane Spring Holder     41-1063     41-1293     41-2093       r Exhaust Valve     41-1239     41-2153     41-2153		41-3753		61-2278	61-2278	61-2278
Vane     41-1059     41-1294     41-0959       Vane     41-1059     41-1294     41-1487       Vane     Anol     41-1304     41-1304       Vane     Anol     41-1303     41-1685       Vane     Anol     41-1063     41-1063       Vane     Anol     41-1063     41-10696       Vane     Anol     41-1063     41-10696       Vane     Anol     41-1063     41-1293       Vane     Anol     41-1293     41-2153       r     Exhaust     Valve     N/A     A1-2153			41-3753	41-3753	41-3753	41-3753
Vane     41-1059     41-1294     41-1487       Vane Spring     41-1304     41-1304     41-1304       Vane Spring Holder     41-1304     41-1304     41-1304       Vane Spring Holder     41-1063     41-1303     41-1685       Vane Spring Holder     41-1063     41-1303     41-0696       Vane Spring Holder     41-1060     41-1293     41-2033       r Exhaust Valve     41-1239     41-2153     41-2153		41-1064	41-1477	41-1477	41-1059	41-0959
Vane Spring     41-1304     41-1304     41-1304       Vane Spring     41-1304     41-1304     41-1304       Vane Spring Holder     41-1063     41-1303     41-1685       Vane Spring Holder     41-1063     41-1303     41-2093       Vane Spring Holder     41-1060     41-1293     41-2093       r Exhaust Valve     41-1239     41-2153     41-2153		41-1487	41-1487	41-1487	N/A	N/A
Vane Spring     41-1304     41-1304     41-1304       Vane Spring Holder     41-1063     41-1685     41-1685       Vane Spring Holder     41-1063     41-1303     41-1685       Vane Spring Holder     41-1063     41-1303     41-2093       r Exhaust Valve     41-1239     41-2153     41-2153		41-1304	41-1488	41-1488	41-1304	41-1304
Vane Spring Holder         41-1063         41-1303         41-1685            Vane Spring Holder         41-1063         41-1303         41-0696           41-0696                41-0696                41-0696   <		41-1304	41-1304	41-1304	N/A	N/A
Vane Spring Holder         41-1063         41-1303         41-0696         8           At the Spring Holder         41-1060         41-1293         41-2093         8         11-2093         11-2093         11-2093         11-2093         11-2093         11-2093         11-2093         11-2093         11-2093         11-2093         11-2093         11-2093         11-2093         11-2093         11-2093         11-2015	_	41-0696	41-1489	41-1489	41-1063	41-1685
r Exhaust Valve 41-1060 41-1293 41-2093 41-2093 41-2153 41-2153 41-2153 41-2153 41-2153 41-2154 41-2154 41-2154	-	41-0696	41-0696	41-0696	N/A	N/A
41-1239 41-1239 41-2153 N/A N/A 71-2154		41-1683	41-1484	41-1484	41-2374	41-1773
	_	41-2153	41-2161	41-2161	41-1239	41-0695
	N/A 41-2154	41-2154	N/A	N/A	N/A	41-1775
Pressure Release Valve N/A N/A 41-0992 41-0992	_	41-0992	41-0992	41-0992	N/A	N/A
Repair Kits						
1405K-05 1402K-05		1376K-05	1397K-07	1397K-07	1399K-03	1380K-04
4 1405K-06 1402K-06 ·	-	1376K-06	1397K-08	1397K-08	1399K-04	1380K-03
Base and Belt Guard Kit   1371E   1371A-01   1371A-01   1371B-0	-	1371B-01	1371F	1371F	1371E	1371A-01

# Section 5: QUICK REFERENCE CHART

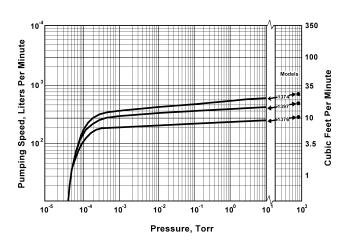
	1400B-01	1405B-01	1402B-01	13768-01	1397B-01	1374B-01	1399B-01	1380B-01	1392B-01 MECH.	1392B-01 DIFFUSION
Free Air Displacement, L/M (CFM)	25 (0.9)	91 (3.2)	160 (5.6)	300 (10.6)	500 (17.7)	650 (23)	35 (1.2)	160 (5.6)	25 (0.9)	30L/Sec.
Gas Ballast	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	No	I
Ultimate Pressure, Torr (mbar)	1 (1.3)x 10-4	1 (1.3)x10-4	1 (1.3)×10-4	1 (1.3)x10-4	1 (1.3)×10-4	1 (1.3)×10-4	15 (20)×10-4	5 (20)x10-4	1 (1.3)×10-4	<5 (6.5)×10-8
Rotational Pump (RPM)	580	525	525	525	400	510	750	525	580	
Oil Capacity, quarts (Liters)	0.62 (0.59)	2.25 (2.1)	2.25 (2.1)	2.5 (2.4)	1.25 (1.2)	1.25 (1.2)	0.5 (0.47)	3.7 (3.5)	0.62 (0.59)	30ml
Net Wt. Unmounted Pump, Ib (Kg)	33 (15)	82 (37)	82 (37)	107 (52)	138 (63)	138 (63)	28 (13)	57 (26)	33 (15)	8 (3.6)
Net Wt. Mounted Pump, Ib (Kg)	58 (26)	112 (51)	112 (51)	156 (71)	206 (93)	218 (100)	49 (22)	91 (41)	71 (32)	-
Optional Exhaust Filter	1417	1417P-10	1417P-10	1417P-10	1417P-20	1417P-20	1417	1417P-10	1417	I
Optional Exhaust Filter Element	1417L	1417G	1417G	1417G	1417H-01	1417H-01	1417L	1417G	1417L	ı
Pump Pulley	41-2191	41-2194	41-2074	41-2074	41-1492	41-1492	41-2191	41-2074	41-2191	1
Standard Belt	1400A	1405A	1405A	1405A	1397A	1374A	1399A	1405A	1400A	-
Standard Hose Barb Fitting	1393.J	1393J	1393K	1393K	1393L	1393L	1393J	1393K	N/A	-
Tubing Needed (I.D. Inches)	7/16	7/16	13/16	13/16	1 5/8	1 5/8	7/16	13/16	N/A	
Standard Flange Adapter Fitting	1393F	1393F	1393G	1393G	1393H	1393H	1393F	1393G	N/A	-
Standard Flange Size	NW16	NW16	NW25	NW25	NW40	NW40	NW16	NW25	NW16	NW/50
Intake Thread Size	3/4-20	1-20	1-20	1-20	1 3/4 - 20	1 3/4 -20	3/4-20	1-20	3/4-20	1
Exhaust Thread Size	3/4-20	1-20	1-20	1-20	1 3/4 - 20	1 3/4 -20	3/4-20	1-20	3/4-20	NW16
Electrical Requirements 1	115V	115V/230V	115V/230V	115V/230V	115V/230V	115V/230V	115V	115V	115V	115V
Electrical Requirements 2	60Hz	60Hz	60Hz	60Hz	60Hz	60Hz	60Hz	60Hz	60Hz	60Hz
Electrical Requirements 3	1 Phase	1 Phase	1 Phase	1 Phase	1 Phase	1 Phase	1 Phase	1 Phase	1 Phase	1 Phase

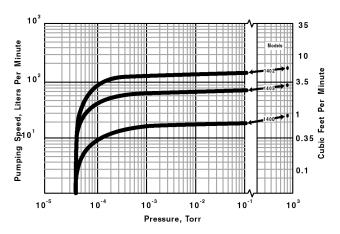
### HIGH EFFICIENCY PUMPING CHARACTERISTIC OF DUOSEAL® PUMPS

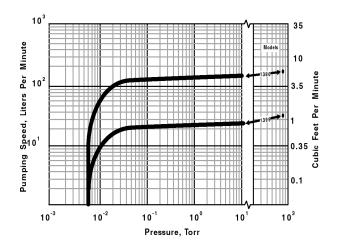
The low RPM design of DuoSeal vacuum pumps makes it possible to maintain high pumping efficiencies into the low micron range. High RPM direct drive vacuum pumps, on the other hand, experience a rapid fall off of pumping speed below 100 microns.

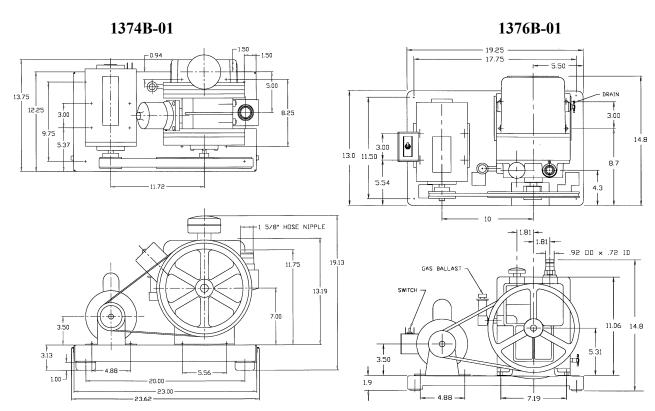
A comparison of the DuoSeal pumping speed curves shown below, versus high RPM pump speed curves conclusively illustrates the superior performance of the DuoSeal pump.

What does that mean for the vacuum pump user? DuoSeal pumps provide considerable faster pumpdown in the low micron range.



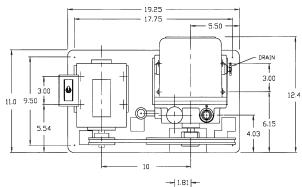


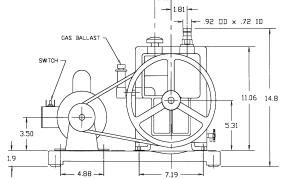




# Section 7: DIMENSIONAL DRAWINGS Mounted Pumps

1380B-01





NW50 DIIFFUSION PUMP INTAKE PORT 10.50 2.75 8.50 9.00 8.47 7.50 3.56 6.63 4.68 2.19-9.63 - 15.50 --17.00 7/16" ID RUBBER -VACUUM HOSE COOLING FAN BELT GUARD 血 POWER DUTLET BOX 18.7 14.2 9.00 4.00 3.00

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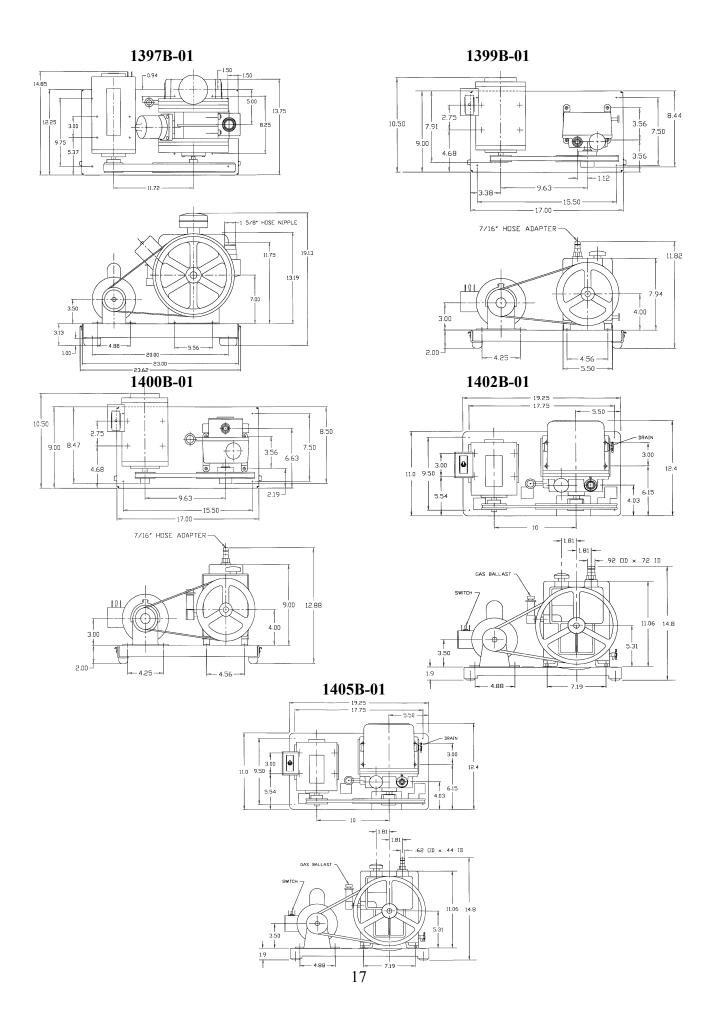
--- 4 56

- 41-2115 BASE

1392B-01

2.00 J

4.25



DESCRIPTION	Pressure Release Valve	Pressure Release Tube Part 1	Self Tap Screw #6x1/4 Type 'A'	Hex Head Screw 5/16-18x3-1/2	Lower Exhaust Valve	Steel Washer 1/4	Set Screw 1/4-20x1-3/4	Hex Nut 1/4-20x3/16x7/16	Block Valve	Valve Spring	Valve Block	Valve Block Spacer	Flange for Gas Ballast Valve	Socket Head Screw 10-32x3/4	Baffle Plate	Set Screw (Special)	Oil Case Spacer	Oil Case Assy incl.items 63,67,72,74,75	Socket Head Screw 8-32x1	Gas Ballast Valve Adapter	O-Ring, Fluoroelast. #905-75	Gas Ballast Valve incl. item 64	Washer Copper 5/16	Washer	Split Lock Washer 1/4	Glass Window	O-Ring, Fluoroelast. #011	Thrust Disk	Gas Ballast Connector	Drain Valve	Lock Nut	Round Head Screw 1/4-20x3/8	Upper Exhaust Valve	Cover, Window	Hex Head Screw 5/16-18x1	O-Ring, Fluoroelast. #127	Flat Hd Screw 8-32x7/16	Sealant, 6 cc	Mechanical Seal option**
$\mathbf{B}^*$	1				1				4	4		0									1						1						1			7		1	1
$\mathbf{A}^*$	1				1				4	4		7									1						1						1			7		1	1
QUAN PC. NO.	41-0992	61-8309B	62-0259	2-01-0356	41-2154	2-61-0000	2-01-8128	2-31-0112	61-8314A	41-2158	41-2156	41-2159	61-8102A	2-00-6712	41 - 1686	41-2175	61-8687	61-8101	61-8362	61-8100A	61-8103	41-1736	61-8456A	41-1056	2-63-0193	61-2229A	41-1742	41-1766	61-8101A	61-2278	41-2757	2-01-5106	41-2153	61-2370	2-01-0316	61-2231	62-1037	1-99-5282	1401D
QUAN	1	1	ŝ	9	-	7	7	9	4	4	7	7	1	ę	1	7	1	-	0	1	1	1	9	7	10	7	1	e	1	1	1	1	1	7	З	7	4		
IIEM	38	39	40	41	42	43	44	45	46	47	48	49	50	51	52	53	54	55	56	57	58	59	60	61	62	63	64	65	99	67	68	70	71	72	73	74	75		
DESCRIPTION	Pulley incl. item 2	Socket Head Set Screw 5/16-18x3/8	Shaft Lip Seal Assy	Seal Gasket	Fil. Head Screw 10-32x3/8	Large End Plate	Intake Cover	Intake Cover Gasket	Socket Head Screw 1/4-20x3/4	Intake Screen	Intake Screen Bracket	Washer	Socket Head Screw 5/16-18x1	Dust Cap	Adapter Hose	O-Ring, Fluoroelast. #214	Oil Case Gasket	Socket Head Screw 1/4-20x3-1/8	Thrust Washer	Shaft	Pulley Key	Large Ring	Large Rotor	Large Vane	Spring Holder	Vane Spring	Center Plate	Lock Nut 1/4-20	Socket Head Screw 5/16-18x1-1/4	Exhaust Rotor	Small Vane	Woodruff Key	Exhaust Ring	Small End Plate	End Cap	Pressure Release Tube Part 2	Steel Ball		
$\mathbf{B}^*$								1		1						1	2		1		1				3	9						7					1		
$\mathbf{A}^*$																																							
QUAN PC. NO.	41-2074	2-01-9306	61-8378A	41 - 0643	2-00-2706	61-8685	61-8671	41-0234 1	2-01-6112	41-1692 1	61-8329A	41-2363	2-01-6316	41-0612	61-8468A	61-9284A 1	41-0403 2	0 62-0015	41-0508 1	41-1683	41-0624 1	41-1688	41-1682	41-1684 2	41-0696 3	41-1304 6	61-8250C	2-36-9900	2-01-6320	41-1518	41-1487 2	41-0613 2	61-8108D	41-2045	41-0672	61-8310A	4-40-1200 1		
ITEM QUA	01 1	02 1	03 1	04 1	05 3	06 1	07 1	08 1	09 4	10 1	11 1	12 6	13 3	14 1	15 1	16 1	17 2	18 10	19 1	20 1	21 1	22 1	23 1	24 2	25 3	26 6	27 1	28 2	29 2	30 1	31 2	32 2	33 1	34 1	35 1	36 1	37 1		

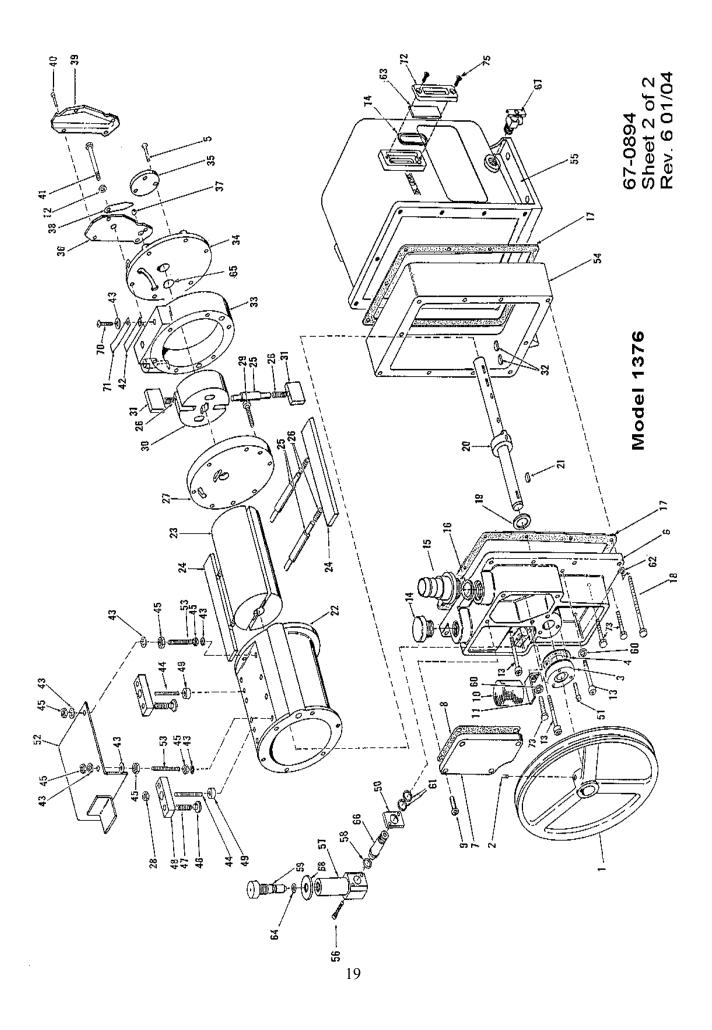
**MODEL 1376 VACUUM PUMP** 

PARTS LIST

# Section 8: PARTS LISTS & EXPLODED VIEWS

MAJOR REPAIR KIT CAT # 1376K-06 MINOR REPAIR KIT CAT # 1376K-05 1401D is mechanical seal, gasket and 3 screws MANOR REPAIR KIT CAT # 1376K-11 FOR REFRIGEATION SERVICE PUMPS USES NEOPRENE SEALS USES NEOPRENE SEALS Free t 1 of 2 Rev. 6 01/04

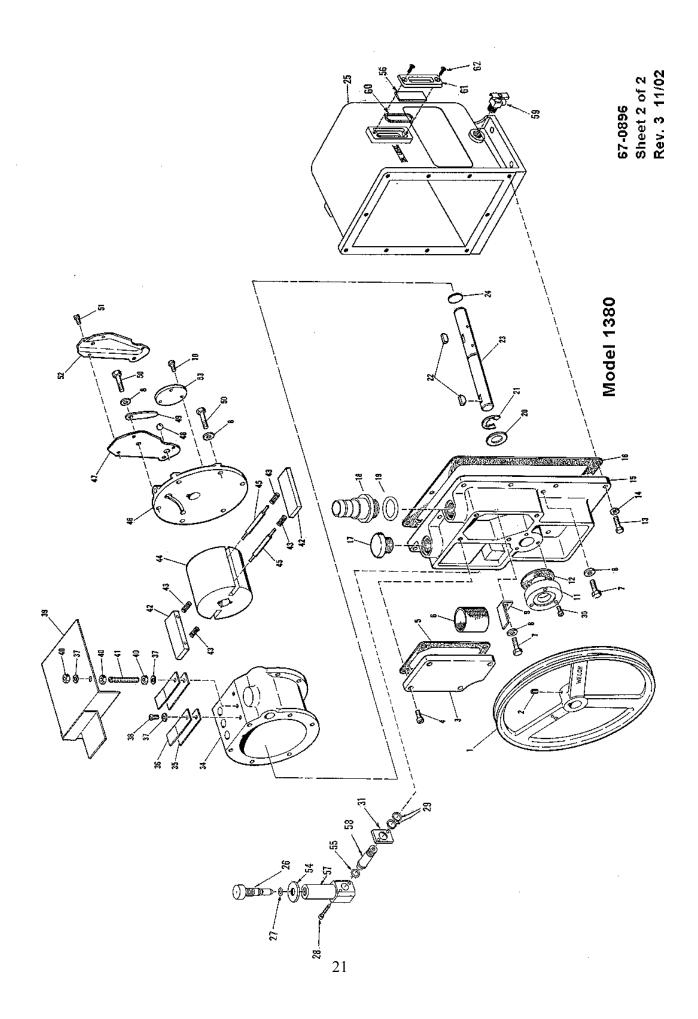
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DESCRIPTION	Lower Exhaust Valve	Upper Exhaust Valve	Steel Washer 3/16	Rd Hd Screw 1/4-20x3/8	Buffle	Hex Nut 1/4-20	Special Set Screw 1/4-20x2-1/4	Vane	Vane Spring	Rotor	Vane Spring Holder	Small End Plate	Pressure Release Tube No.2	Steel Ball 3/8	Pressure Release Valve	Hex Hd Screw 5/16-18x1-1/8	Bind Hd Sheet Met Screw #6x1/4	Pressure Release Tube No.1	End Cap	Lock Nut	O-ring #905	Oil Level Sight	Gas Ballast Valve Adapter	Gas Ballast Connector	Drain Valve	O-Ring Tetr. #127	Cover, Oil Window	Flat Hd Screw #8-32x1/2	Sealant, 6 cc	Mechanical Seal Option**	
$\mathbf{B}^*$	С	б							4		0			1	1						1					-			1	1	
$\mathbf{A}^*$	ŝ	ę						ы	4		ы			1	1						1					1			1	1	
PC. NO.	41-1775	41-0695	2-61-0000	2-01-5106	61-8507B	2-31-0112	41-2175	41-0959	41-1304	41-1771	41-1685	41-2045	41-1005	4-40-1200	41-0992	2-01-0318	62-0259	41 - 0986	41-0672	41-2757	61-8103	41-3753	61-8100A	61-8101A	61-2278	61-2231	61-2228A	61-2232	1-99-5282	1401D	
QUAN	3	ŝ	4	7	1	e G	1	7	4	1	7	1	1	1	1	9	ŝ	1	1	1	1	2	1	1	1	7	2	4			
ITEM	35	36	37	38	39	40	41	42	43	44	45	46	47	48	49	50	51	52	53	54	55	56	57	58	59	60	61	62			
DESCRIPTION	Pulley incl. item 2	Soc, Hd. Setscrew 5/16-18x3/8	Intake Cover Chamber	Soc Hd Screw 1/4-20x3/4	Intake Cover Gasket	Air Filter	Hex Hd Screw 5/16-18x1	Steel Washer	Air Filter Bracket	Fil Hd Screw 10-32x3/8	Shaft Lip Seal Assy.	Seal Gasket	Hex Hd. Screw 1/4-20x7/8	Split Lock Washer 1/4	Large End Plate	Oil Case Gasket	Intake Nipple	O-ring #214	Thrust Washer	Retaining Ring	Woodruff Key	Shaft	Thrust Disk	Oil Case incl. items 56, 59, 60, 61, 62	Gas Ballast Valve incl. item 27	O-ring #011	Soc Hd Screw 8-32x1	Aluminum Washer	Soc Hd Screw 10-32x3/4	Flange For Gas Ballast	Kıng
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PC. NO.	41-2074	2-01-9306	61-8671	2-01-6112	41-0234	41-0660 1	2-01-0316	41-2363	41-0663	2-00-2706	61-8378A	41-0643	2-01-0114	2-63-0193	61-8505D	41-0403	61-8468A	61-9284A	41-0508	4-06-0754	41-0624	41-1773	41-1766	61-8101	41-1736	41-1742	61-8362	41-1056	2-00-6712	61-8102A	41-1772
	1 41-2074	1 2-01-9306	1 61-8671	4 2-01-6112	1 41-0234	1 41-0660 1	6 2-01-0316	12 41-2363	1 41-0663	3 2-00-2706	1 61-8378A	1 41-0643	10 2-01-0114	10 2-63-0193	1 61-8505D	1 41-0403	1 61-8468A	1 61-9284A	1 41-0508	1 4-06-0754	2 41-0624	1 41-1773	1 41-1766	1 61-8101	1 41-1736	1 41-1742	2 61-8362	2 41-1056	3 2-00-6712	1 61-8102A	1 41-1772

PARTS LIST MODEL 1380 VACUUM PUMP A\*: MAJOR REPAIR KIT CAT # 1380K-04 B\*: MINOR REPAIR KIT CAT # 1380K-03. \*\* 1401D is mechanical seal kit includes mechanical seal, gasket and 3 screws

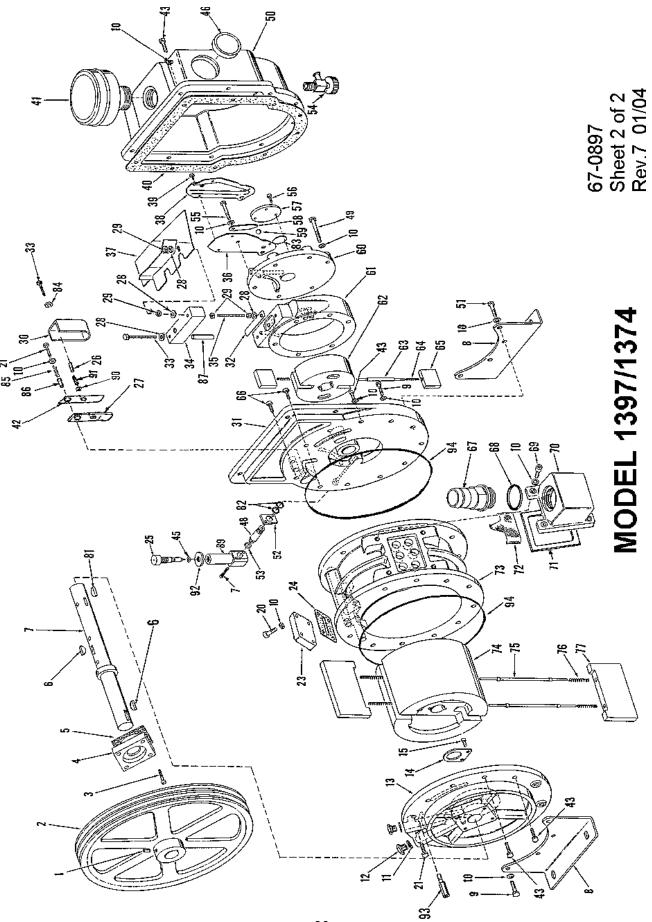
67-0896 sheet 1 of 2 Rev. 7-1998



B* DESCRIPTION	Connector for GB Valve	Soc Hd Screw 5/16-18x2-3/4	Oil Case Assy. incl Item 54 & (2) Items 46	Soc Hd Screw 5/16-18x1-3/4	Flange For GB Valve	O-Ring #905 Fluoroelastomer	Drain Valve	Hex Hd Screw 5/16-18x2-3/4	Flat Hd Screw 10-32x3/8	Shaft End Cap	Pressure Relief Valve	I Steel Ball 3/8 Dia	Small End Plate	Exhaust Ring	Exhaust Rotor		2 Small Vane Spring	Small Vane Metal	Hex Hd Screw 5/16-18x1	Intake Nipple	1 O-Ring #224 Fluoroelastomer	Soc Hd Screw 5/16-18x7/8	Intake Chamber	1 IIIIane Challer Uasher 1 Screen Filter	Large Ring	Large Rotor	2 Large Spring Holder	4 Large Vane Spring	Large Vane Metal	I Key for Small Kotor	4 Aluminum Washer	I Spacer Disk	Split Lock Washer 1/4		Hardened Sleeve 5/16 Size	1 Spacer	GB Valve Adapter SS Washer 11/32v11/16v1/16	Coil Suring	Lock Nut	Guard Stud	1 O-Ring #372 Fluoroelastomer	1 Sealant 6 cc
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PC.NO. A	61-8101A	62-0222	41-1482	62-0213	61-8102A	61-8103	61-2278	2-01-0344	2-00-2706	41-0672	41-0992	4-40-1200	41-1500	41-1497	41-1499	41-0696	41-1304	41-1487	2-01-0316	61-8469A	61-8475	2-01-6314	01-8095 41 1405	41-0937	61-8691	41-1478	41-1489	41-1488	41-1477	41-1516	41-1056	41-1469 6 68 8188	2-63-0193	41-2200	41-2257	41-2005	61-8100A	41-2259	41-2757	41-2165	61-8712	1-99-5282
QUAN	1	5	1	4	1	1	1	1	3	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	7	5	5	1		4,		1 -	1	1	2 .	4	0,		4 -								1	. –	7	
ITEM	48	49	50	51	52	53	54	55	56	57	58	59	60	61	62	63	64	65	66	67	68	69 20	0/	1 / 1 /	73	74	75	$\frac{76}{2}$	77	81	7 8 8	83	84 85	C 8	9 C 0 X 0 X	8/	89 00	91	92	93	94	
DESCRIPTION	Set Screw 5/16-18x3/8	Pulley incl. Item 1	Soc Hd Screw 1/4-20x1	Shaft Lip Seal Assy.	Seal Gasket	Woodruff Key	Shaft & Collar	Leg	Soc Hd. Screw 5/16-18x1-1/2	Steel Washer	Plug Washer	Plug	Large End Plate	Spacer	Fil Hd Screw 10-32x1/4	Soc Hd Screw5/16-18x1	Soc Hd Screw5/16-18x1-1/4	Cover Plate for Conversion Valve	Valve Gasket	Gas Balast Valve incl. Item 45	Hardened Sleeve 1/4 Size	Valve Backer	Steel Washer 1/4-20 Bolt Size	Discharse Value 1/4-20X //16	Center Plate	Exhaust Valve	Hex Hd Screw 1/4-20x1-1/4			Pressure Release Tube Part 2	Deflector	Pressure Release Tube Part 1	Bd Hd Screw #6x1/4	Oil Case Gasket	Dust Cap		Screw	O-fing #011 Fluoroelastomer Oil Sight	OIL 51gHt Soc Hd Screw 8-37x1			30
B*						7													1			1				1								-		1	-	1				1307K_08
A* I																																										CAT #
PC.NO.	2-01-9306	41-1492	2-01-6116	61-5074	41-1494	41-1490 2	41-1484	41-1486	2-01-6324	41-2363	41-1137	41-1136	61-8770	41-0055	2-00-2704	2-01-6316	2-01-6320	61-8880	41-1508 1	41-1736	41-2258	61-8538A 1	2-61-0000	2110-12-2	41-1465	41-2161 1	2-01-0120	41-2164	2-01-8132	61-8310A	41-1461	61-8309B	62-0259	41-1496 1	41-1501	61-8539A 1	2-01-6316	41-1/42 1 41 2753	41-3735 61-8367	7000-10		REPAIR KIT C
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# PARTS LIST MODEL 1397 / 1374 VACUUM PUMP

\*\* 1401F is mechanical seal includes mechanical seal, gasket and 4 screws 67-0897 sheet 1 of 2 Rev. 7 01/04

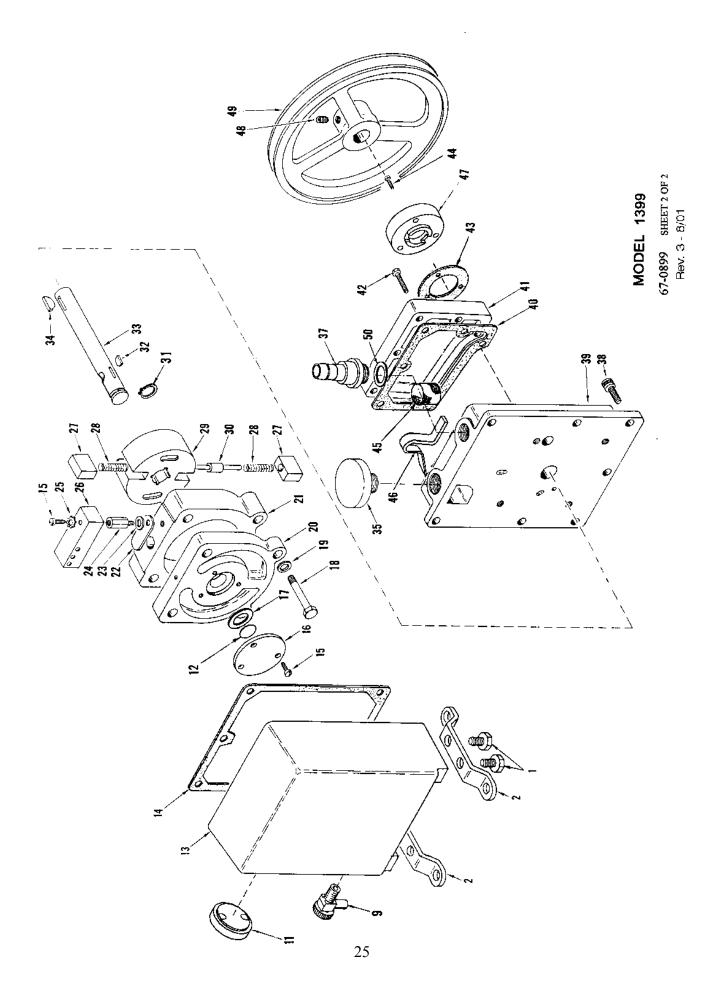


	PUMP
PARTS LIST	EL 1399 VACUUM
	MOD

PC. NO. DESCRIPTION	41-0974 Retaining Ring						2-01-6112 Soc Hd Screw 1/4-20x3/4				2-00-0716 Hex Hd Screw 10-32x1		2-00-6712 Soc Hd Screw 10-32x3/4			01E Shaft Seal incl. item 43 & (3) 44 **			51-2159A O-Ring, #116, Fluoroseal	[-99-5282 Sealant, 6 cc			
PC	41	41	41	41	41	61	2-(	41	41	41	2-(	41	2-(	41	41	14	2-(	41	61	1-0			
B*	1	1		1					1							1				1			
$\mathbf{A}^*$	1	1		1					1							1				1			
QUAN	1	-	1	1	-	1	7	1	1	-	9	-	Э	1	-	1	-	1	1				
ITEM	31	32	33	34	35	37	38	39	40	41	42	43	44	45	46	47	48	49	50				
CRIPTION	Hex Hd Screw 5/16 - 18x1/2	Leg	Drain Valve	Oil Sight	Thrust Disk	Oil Case Assy. incl items 1,2,9,11	Oil Case Gasket	Fil Hd Screw 10-32x3/8	Shaft End Cap	Steel Washer	Hex Hd Screw 5/16 - 18x2	Washer	End Plate	Inner Ring	Exhaust Valve	Brass Washer #10	Valve Cover Stud	Lock Washer #10 Ext.	Valve Cover	Vane	Spring	Rotor	Spring Holder
PC. NO. DESCRIPTION	2-01-0308	41-1049	61-2278	41-3753	41-1766	41-2378	41-1052	2-00-2706	41-0672	41-1285	2-01-0332	41-2363	41-2373	41-1042	41-1239	2-71-0040	41-2370	2-65-0000	41-2368	41-1059	41-1304	41 - 1040	41-1063
$\mathbf{B}^*$					-		1	1		-					-	1	-	1			7		1
$\mathbf{A}^*$					1		1	1		1					1	1	1	1		7	7		1
QUAN A*	4	7	1	1	1	1	1	4	1	1	4	4	1	1	1	2	1	1	1	7	2	1	1
ITEM	1	2	6	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	J 21	V 22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30

A\*: MAJOR REPAIR KIT #1399K-04 B\*: MINOR REPAIR KIT #1399K-03 1401E is mechanical seal which fits all model 1399 serial numbers. There is a lipseal seal on S/N 25773 and above. It is available as a kit. part no. 1401E-01

\* \* 67-0899 sheet 1 of 2 Rev. 3 8/01

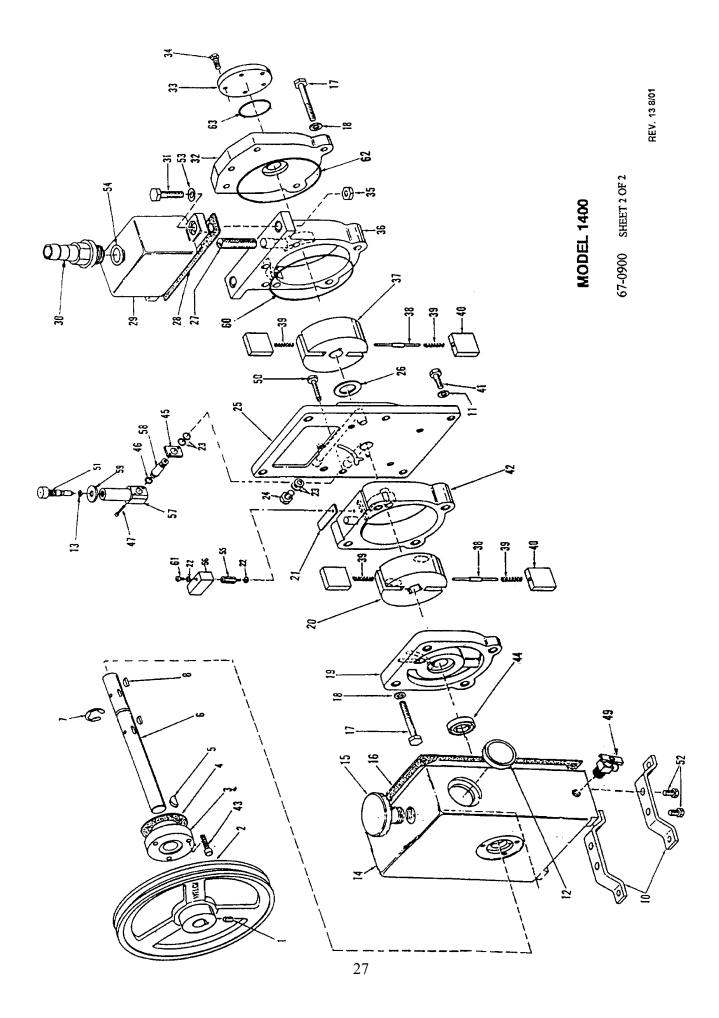


DESCRIPTION	Hex Nut 3/8x16	Intake Ring	Intake Rotor	Spring Holder	Vane Spring	Vane (Metal)	Hex Hd Screw 1/4 - 20x3/4	Exhaust Ring	Soc Hd Screw 10-32x3/4	Seal	Flange for G.B. Valve	O-Ring, Fluoroseal	Soc Hd Screw 8 - 32x1	Drain Valve	Hex Hd Screw 1/4 - 20x1-1/4	Vented Exhaust Valve	Hex Hd Screw 5/16 - 18x1/2	Steel Washer .071 Thick x 3/8 ID	O-Ring, #116, Fluoroseal	Baffle Stud	Exhaust Baffle	Valve Adapter	Connector	Locknut	O-Ring, M2.5x86, Fluoroseal	Fil Hd Screw 10-32x1/4	O-Ring, #152, Fluoroseal	O-Ring, #120, Fluoroseal	Sealant 6 cc	Mechanical Seal Option***		Oil Case Assembly PT #61-8540C includes Legs item 10, Oil Sight, item 12, oil case,	ve, item 49	intake Chamber Assembly PT #41-1048 includes intake chamber, item 29, nipple,			401F is mechanical seal kit it includes mechanical seal gasket and 3 screws	os illocitativas sous, gusnos, auta o soromo
<b>B</b> *	2			7	4					1		1								-					-		1	1	-	1		40C incl	raın Val	#41-10			t includ.	111111
*▼				0	4	4				1		1								1					1		1	1	1	1		#61-85₄		bly PT	item 54	0K-03	al kit i	- (11 m)
PC. NO	2-31-2521	61-8675	41-1041	41-1063	41-1304	41-1059	2-01-0112	41-1042	2-00-6712	41-0578	61-8102A	61-8103	61-8362	61-2278	2-01-0120	41-1736	2-01-0308	2-61-0571	61-2159A	41-1069	61-8347B	61-8100A	61-8101A	41-2757	61-8665	2-00-2704	61-9378	66-0183	1-99-5282	1401E		Assembly PT	ltem 14, Screws, Item 52 & Drain Valve, item 49	hamber Assem	Item 30 & O- ring, item 54.	Majot Repair Kit #1400K-04 Minor Renair Kit #1400K-03	mechanical se	
OLIAN	2	1	1	7	4	4	5	1	3	1	1	1	7	1	1	1	4	6	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1				Oil Case	Item 14,	Intake C	Item	Minor R	1401F is	
TTEM	35	36	37	38	39	40	41	42	43	44	45	46	47	49	50	51	52	53	54	55	56	57	58	59	60	61	62	63				*		*	*	А. В*:	. * *	
DESCRIPTION	Soc Hd Set Screw 5/16 - 18x3/8	Pulley include. Set Screw, Item 1	Shaft Seal	Shaft Seal Gasket	Pulley Key	Shaft	Retaining Ring	Woodruff Key	Leg	Washer, Copper, 7/16 OD	Oil Sight	O-Ring #011	Oil Case*	Dust Cap	Oil Case Gasket	Hex Hd Screw 5/16 - 18x2	Washer	Exhaust End Plate	Exhaust Rotor	Exhaust Valve	Brass Washer #10	Aluminum Washer	Vented Exhaust Plug	Center Plate	Steel Washer	Air Filter	Gasket	Intake Chamber**	Nipple		Intake End Plate	End Cap	Hex Hd Screw 10 - 32x3/8					
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DU JU	2-01-9306	41-2191	41-3696	41-0643	41-0624	41 - 1060	41-1150	41-0613	41 - 1049	41-1138	41-3753	41-1742	61-8540C	41-1345	41-1052	2-01-0332	41-2363	41-1045	41 - 1040	41-1239	2-71-0040	41-1056	41-1039	61-8679	41-1285	41 - 0890	41-0383	41 - 1048	61-8467A	2-01-0524	61-8702	61-8673	2-00-2706					
NTIO		1	1	1	1	1	1	7	2	9	1	1	1	1	1	6	6	1	1	1	7	8	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	2	1	1	5					
ITEM	1	2	Э	4	5	9	7	8	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34					

67-0900 Sheet 1 of 2

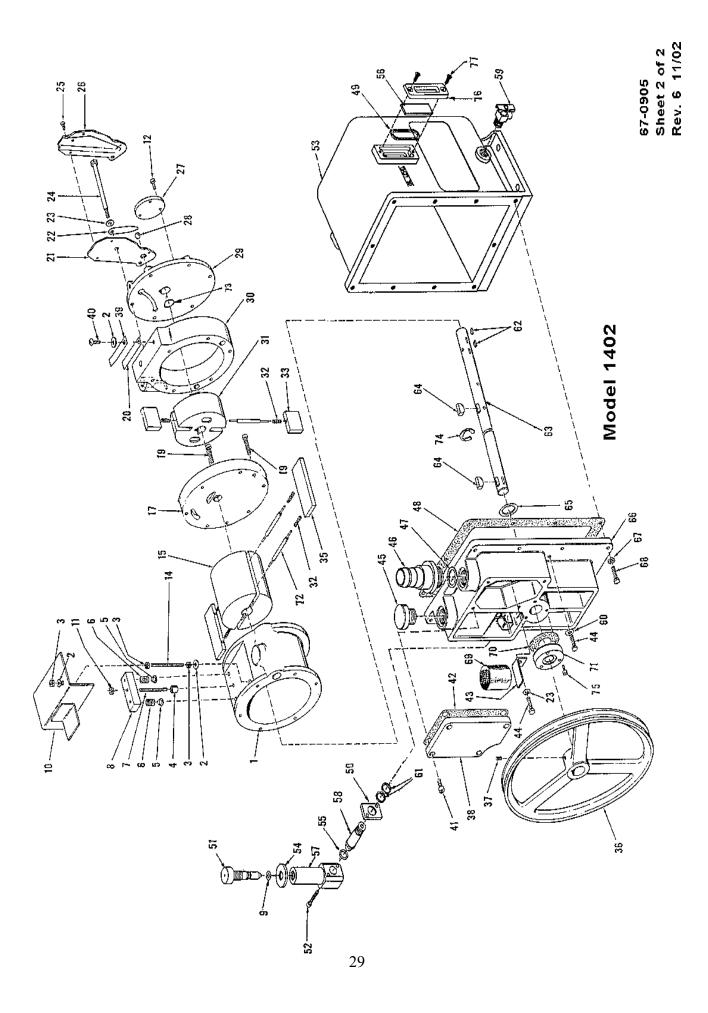
Rev. 13 8/01

PARTSLIST MODEL1400 VACUUM PUMP



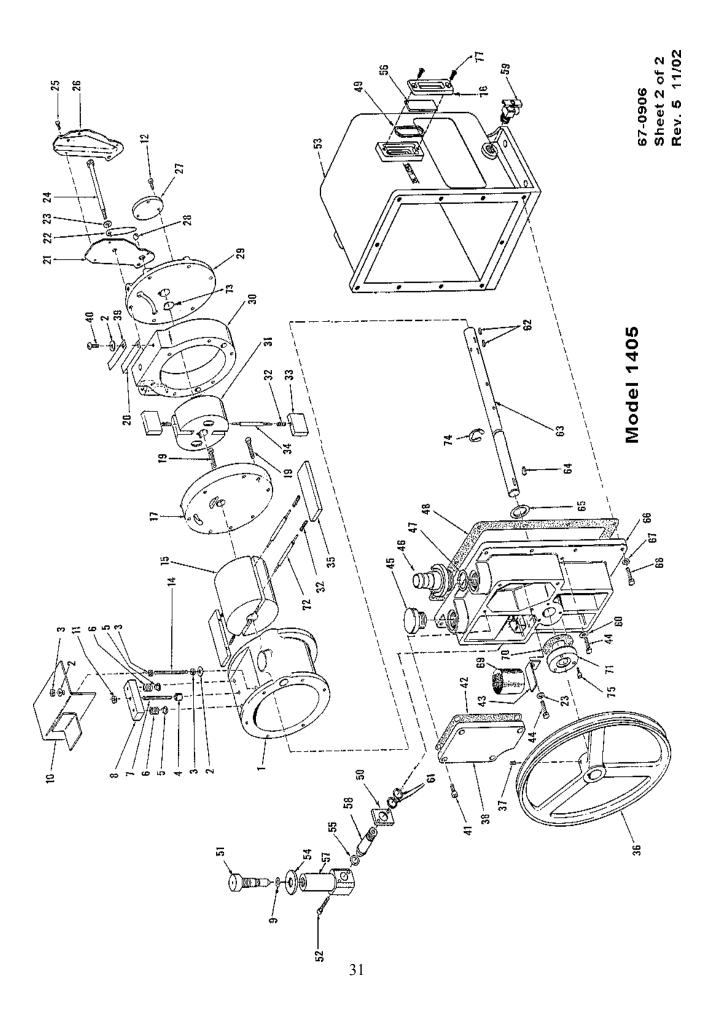
PARTS LIST MODEL 1402 VACUUM PUMP	LIST CUUM PUN	ЧР			
DESCRIPTION	ITEM	QTY	QTYPC.NO.	A	B
Intake Ring	42	-	1 41-0234	1	-
Steel Washer 3/16 size	43	1	61-8329A		
Hex Steel Nut	44	9	2-01-0316		
Valve Block Spacer	45	-	41-0612		

DESCRIPTION	Intake Chamber Cover Gasket	Air Filter Bracket	Hex Head Cap Screw 5/16-18x1	Dust Cap	Intake Nipple	O-Ring, Fluoroelast. #214	Oil Case Gasket	O-Ring, Fluoroelast. #127	Flange For G.B. Valve	Gas Ballast Valve	Socket Head Screw 8-32x1	Oil Case Assy, incl. 49,56,59,76,77	Lock Nut	O-Ring, Fluoroelast. #905-75	Window Glass	Gas Ballast Valve Adapter	Gas Ballast Valve Connector	Drain Valve	Washer Copper 5/16	Washer	Woodruff Key	Shaft	Woodruff Key	Thrust washer	Large End Plate	Split Lock Washer	Hex Head Cap Screw 1/4-20x3/4	Air Filter	Seal Gasket	Shaft Lip Seal Assy.	Spring Holder - Intake	Thrust Disc	Truarc Ring	Socket Head Screw 10-32x3/4	Cover, Oil Window	Fl. Head Screw 8-32x7/16	Sealant, 6 cc	Mechanical Seal option**			(401D is mechanical seal kit includes mechanical seal, gasket and 3 screws	67-0905	Sheet 1 of 2	Rev. 6 11/02	
В	1					1	1	7						1					9		7		7	1				1			б	ς	1				1	1	1402K_06	1402K-05	ncludes mec				
V	1					1	1	7						1					9		7		0	1				1			ε	ξ	1				1	1	CAT #	CAT #	seal kit in				
QTYPC.NO.	41-0234	61-8329A	2-01-0316	41-0612	61-8468A	61-9284A	41-0403	61-2231	61-8102A	41-1736	61-8362	61-8101	41-2757	61-8103	61-2229A	61-8100A	61-8101A	61-2278	61-8456A	41-1056	41-0613	41-2093	41-0624	41-0508	61-8668	2-63-0193	2-01-0114	41 - 0660	41-0643	61-8378A	41-1685	41-1766	4-06-0754	2-00-6712	61-2370	62-1037	1-99-5282	1401D	MAIOB BEDAIB KIT CAT # 1403K-06	MINOR REPAIR KIT CAT #	mechanical s				
QTY	-	1	9	-	1	-	1	2	1	-	7	-	1	1	7	-	1	1	9	7	7	1	7	-	-	10	10	1	-	1	ę	ę	1	ε	7	4			MAIOR	MINOR	1401D is				
ITEM	42	43	44	45	46	47	48	49	50	51	52	53	54	55	56	57	58	59	60	61	62	63	64	65	99	67	68	69	70	71	72	73	74	75	76	77			·* ∇	 B*	* *				
DESCRIPTION	Intake Ring	Steel Washer 3/16 size	Hex Steel Nut	Valve Block Spacer	Valve	Valve Spring	Headless Steel Setscrew	Valve Block	O-Ring, Fluoroelast. #011	Baffle Plate	Nut, Lock 1/4-20	Fil. Head Screw 10-32x3/8	Headless Steel Setscrew	Intake Rotor	Center Plate	Socket Head Screw 5/16-18x1-1/4	Lower Exhaust Valve	Pressure Release Tube, Part 2	Pressure Release Valve	Washer	Hex Head Screw 5/16-18x3-1/2	Self Tap Screw #6x1/4 Type "A"	Pressure Release Tube Part 1	End Cap	Steel Ball 3/8	Small End Plate	Exhaust Ring	Exhaust Rotor	Vane Spring	Small Vane	Large Vane	Pulley inc. setscrew, Item 37	Socket Head Set Screw	Large End Plate Cover		Rd. Head Steel Screw 1/4-20x 3/8	Socket Screw 1/4-20x3/4								
В				1	2	7			1								1								1				9						1										
V				1	2	7			1								1								1				9	7	7				1										
QTYPC.NO.	61-8113C	2-61-0000	2-31-0112	41-2159		41-2158	2-01-8128	41-2156	41-1742	41-2160	2-36-9900	2-00-2706	41-2175	41-2092	61-8250C		41-2154	61-8310A		41-2363		62-0259	61-8309B	41-0672	4-40-1200	41-2045	61-8108D	41-1518	-	-		-	2-01-9306	61-8671	41-2153	2-01-5106	2-01-6112								
-	1	33	3	1		7	1	-	1	1	1	ŝ	1	1	1	7	1	1				33	1	1	1	-	1		9				1	1	1	-	4								
ITEM	01	02	03	04	05	06	07	08	60	10	11	12	14	15	17	19	20	21	22	2 23		25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	35	36	37	38	39	40	41								



PARTS LIST	MODEL 1405 VACUUM PUMP	
PART	<b>MODEL 1405</b>	

DESCRIPTION Intake Nipple, (7/16 Hose I.D.)	0-rmg, #214 Oil Case Gasket	O-ring Tetr. #127	Flange For G.B. Valve	Gas Ballast Valve	Soc. Hd Screw 8-32x1	Oil Case Assy, incl. Items 49,56,59,76,77	Lock Nut	O-ring	Window Glass	Gas Ballast Valve Adapter	Gas Ballast Valve Connector	Drain Valve	Washer Copper 5/16	Washer	Woodruff Key	Shaft	Woodruff Key	Thrust washer	Large End Plate	Split Lock Washer	Hex Head Cap Screw 1/4-20x3/4	Air Filter	Seal Gasket	Shaft Lip Seal Assy.	Spring Holder - Intake	Thrust Disc	Truarc Ring	Soc Hd Screw 10-32x3/4	Cover, Oil Window	Fl Hd Screw 8-32x1/2	Sealant, 6 cc	Mechanical Seal Kit option **	9	5	401D is mechanical seal kit includes mechanical seal, gasket and 3 screws.	67-0906 Sheet 1 of 2	Rev. 7-98			
· B*		1						1					9		0		1					1			7	ŝ	-				-	1	1402K-06	CAT # 1402K-05	cludes med					
<b>A</b> *		1						1					9		0		1					1			7	ŝ	-				1	1	CAT #	CAT #	l kit in					
PC. NO. 61-8641	61-9284A 41-0403	61-2231	61-8102A	41-1736	61-8362	61-8101	41-2757	61-8103	61-2229A	61-8100A	61-8101A	61-2278	61-8456A	41-1056	41-0613	41-2093	41 - 0624	41-0508	61-8668	2-63-0193	2-01-0114	41 - 0660	41 - 0643	61-8378A	41-1685	41-1766	4-06-0754	2-00-6712	61-2228A	61-2232	1-99-5282	1401D		MINOR REPAIR KIT	nechanical sea					
QUAN		2	1	1	7	1	1	1	7	1	1	1	9	7	7	1	7	1	1	10	10	1	1	1	7	ŝ	1	ŝ	7	4			MAJOR R	MINOR R	1401D is n					
HEM 46	47 84	49	50	51	52	53	54	55	56	57	58	59	60	61	62	63	64	65	99	67	68	69	70	71	72	73	74	75	76	77			:*A	B*:	* *					
DESCRIPTION Intake Ring	Steel Washer 3/16 size Hex. Steel Nut	Valve Block Spacer	Valve	Valve Spring	Headless Steel Set Screw	Valve Block	O-Ring #011	Baffle Plate	Nut, Lock 1/4-20	Fil. Hd. Screw 10-32x3/8	Headless Steel Set Screw	Intake Rotor	Center Plate	Socket Hd. Screw 5/16-18x1-1/4	Lower Exhaust Valve	Pressure Release Tube, Part 2	Pressure Release Valve	Washer	Hex. Hd Screw 5/16-18x3-1/2	Self Tap Screw #6x1/4 Type "A"	Pressure Release Tube Part 1		1Steel Ball 3/8	Small End Plate	Exhaust Ring	Exhaust Rotor	Vane Spring	Small Vane	Vane Spring Holder-Exhaust		Pulley inc. Set Screw, Item 37	Socket Head Set Screw	Large End Plate Cover	Upper Exhaust Valve	Rd. Hd. Steel Screw 1/4-20x 3/8	Socket Screw 1/4-20x3/4	Intake Chamber Cover Gasket		Hex Head Cap Screw 5/16-18x1	Dust Cap
*8		1	0	7			1								_		_						1				0		_					_			_			
<b>A</b> *		1	0	0			1								-		1										2	0	-	7				-			-			
PC.NO.	2-61-0000 2-31-0112	41-2159	41-2157	41-2158	2-01-8128	41-2156	41-1742	41-2160	2-36-9900	2-00-2706	41-2175	41-2092	61-8250C	2-01-6320	41-2154	41-1005	41-0992	41-2363	2-01-0356	62-0259	41 - 0986	41-0672	4-40-1200	41-2045	61-8108D	41-1518	41-1304	41-1487	41 - 0696	41-0959	41-2074	2-01-9306	61-8671	41-2153	2-01-5106	2-01-6112	41-0234	41-0663	2-01-0316	41-0612
QUAN	m m	1	7	2	1	1	1	1	1	3	1	1	1	2	1	1	1	9	9	3	1	1	1	1	1	1	9	7	1	7	1	1	1	1	1	4	1		9	1
	0 m	4	5	9	7	8	6	10	11	12	14	15	17	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40	41	42	43	44	45



# Section 9: ACCESSORY SECTION

# **Exhaust Filters**

• Filters oil mist from pump exhaust

• Easy replacement of element • Re

• Reduces pump noise

• Filters to 0.3 micron particle size

	Standard Exhaust Filters							
	Dime	ensions	Catalog Number					
				Replacement				
Use with Pump Model	Diameter	Height	Filter	Element				
1392, 1399, 1400	2.5	2.5	1417	1417L				
1376,1380,1402,1405	5.0	6.25	1417P-10	1417G				
1397, 1374	5.0	9.0	1417P-20	1417H-01				

# **Directional Exhaust Filters**

• Large, high capacity • 360° Swivel outlet with tubing connector • Screw-in type

Directional Exhaust Filters								
		Dimensions Catalog Number						
			Outlet					
Use with Pump Model	Diameter	Height	Tube O.D.	Filter	Element			
1376, 1380, 1402, 1405	5.0	7.5	1.0	1417A	1417G			
1374, 1397	6.5	10.0	2.0	1417B	1417H			
1373	5.0	7.5	1.0	1417T	1417G			

# Exhaust Mist Eliminator

Exhaust oil recyclers capture oil mist expelled from the pump, separate air from oil, and return collected oil to the pump via a line connected to the gas ballast inlet. This process effectively reduces oil consumption and minimizes maintenance requirements by extending the time between oil changes.

Catalog No.	Duoseal Model No.
1416H-01	1400
1416C-01	1405, 1376, 1380, 1402

• Requires gas ballast connection kit: Cat. No. 141601 - for models 1400, 1405, 1376, 1380, 1402

### **Coaxial Traps**

Reduces oil back streaming

Stainless steel construction

· Easy replacement of elements

ISO Size	Capacity	Diameter	Height	A <sup>2</sup>	Cat. No. <sup>1</sup>	
NW16	NW16 To 4 CFM (140 L/min) 3.75 5.25				541001	
NW 25	To 12 CFM (340 L/min)	5.50	5.25	8.25	541002	
Copper Element for ISO NW 16 Trap <sup>1</sup> .						
Stainless Steel Element for ISO NW 16 Trap <sup>1</sup> . 54						
Copper Elem	541912					
Stainless Stee	541922					

1. Element must be ordered with trap.

2. Distance between ISO NW inlet and outlet connections.

### **Modular Sieve Traps**

• Blocks backstreaming by absorbing hydrocarbons. • Regenerates charge using built-in heater.

• Removes trace amounts of water vapor.

ISO Size	Capacity	Diameter	Height	A <sup>2</sup>	Cat. No. <sup>1</sup>
NW16	To 8 CFM (140 L/min)	4.50	6.38	9.00	543001
NW 25	To 8 CFM (226 L/min)	4.50	6.38	9.00	543002
NW40	NW40 To 17 CFM (481 L/min) 4.50 9.00 9.00				
Synthetic Zee	543950				
Activated Al	543960				

1. Element must be ordered with trap.

2. Distance between ISO NW inlet and outlet connections.

### **Dry Ice Cold Traps**

- Removable 3 quarter center well for dry ice/alcohol slurry (do not use acetone)
- Visible trapping surface
- Cold temperature up to 12 hours depending on vapor load
- Available with straight tube connections

ISO Size	Diameter	Height	A <sup>1.</sup>	I/O Offset	Cat. No.	Repl. Seal Cat.			
NW 16	10	8.25	11.06	3.5	545001	545200			
NW 25	10	8.25	11.06	3.5	545002	545200			
Straight Tub	Straight Tube								
½ O.D.	10	8.25	10.75	3.5	1420H-14	545200			

1. Distance between ISO NW inlet and outlet connections.

### Liquid Nitrogen Cold Traps

- A highly efficient method of trapping condensible vapors
- Produces a lower mechanical vacuum pump base pressure
- Allows quick clean-up of the trapping surface with the two-piece clamped body design

ISO Size	Capacity	Diameter	Height	A <sup>1.</sup>	Cat. No.
NW 16	0.75 Liter	5.5	11.00	7.0	546001
NW 25	0.75 Liter	5.5	11.00	7.0	546002

1. Distance between ISO NW inlet and outlet connections.

# Section 10: MSDS SHEET



### MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET

HMIS Rating: Health: 0 Flammability: 1 Reactivity: 0 Special: X

SECTION 1 - IDENTIFICATION	
Chemical Name:	Highly-Refined Petroleum Lubricant Oils
Synonyms:	1407K DUOSEAL Vacuum Pump Oil
Formula:	N/A
Manufacturer's Name:	Welch Rietschle Thomas 7301 North Central Ave. Skokie, IL 60077
Date Prepared:	November 11, 2003
Telephone Number for General Information:	(847) 676-8800
SECTION 2 - COMPOSITION	
Exposure Limits in Air Component	CAS No. OSHA PEL ACGIH TVL

To the best of our knowledge, the above listed component is not hazardous according to OSHA (1910.1200) or one or more state right-to-know lists.

64741-88-4

NO

NO

Highly-Refined Petroleum Lubricant Oils

SECTION 3 - HAZA	ARDS IDEN	TIFICATION					
Major Route of Entry: Signs and Symptons	Skin contact						
of Acute Exposure							
Inhalation:		t adverse health effects are expected to overation of liquid into the lungs can cause					
Eye Contact:	Minimal eye	irritation may result from short term con	tact with liquid, mist, and/	or vapor.			
Skin Contact:							
Ingestion:	under the skin, in muscle, or into the blood stream can cause irritation, inflammation, swelling, fever, and systemic effects and mild central nervous system depression. Injection of pressurized hydrocarbons can cause severe, permanent tissue damage. Initial symptons may be minor. Injection of petroleum hydrocarbons requires immediate medical attention. If swallowed, large volumes of material can cause generalized depression, headache, drowsiness, nausea, vomiting and diarrhea. Smaller doses can cause a laxative effect. If aspirated into the lungs, liquid can cause lung damage.						
Chronic Health							
Effects Summary:	Contains a petroleum-based mineral oil. Prolonged or repeated skin contact can cause mild irritation and inflammation characterized by drying, cracking, (dermatitis) or oil acne. Inhalation of petroleum-based mineral oils can cause respiratory irritation or other pulminary effects after repeted or prolonged inhalation of oil mists at concentrations above applicable workplace exposure levels.						
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Revision Date: 1		Rev. 4		1 of 6			



Conditions AggravatedPersonnel with pre-existing disorders should avoid repeated or prolonged contact with this product.by Exposure:Personnel with pre-existing disorders should avoid repeated or prolonged contact with this product.Carcinogenic Potential:SkinCarcinogenic Potential:This product does not contain any components at concentations above 0.1% which are considered carcinogenic by OSHA, IARC, or NTP.

### SECTION 4 - FIRST AID MEASURES

	Take proper precautions to ensure your own health and safety before attempting rescue or providing first aid. For more specific information, refer to Exposure Controls and Personal Protection in Section 8 of this MSDS.							
Inhalation:	Vaporization is not expected at ambient temperatures. This material is not expected to cause inhalation-related disorders underanticipated conditions of use. In case of overexposure, move the person to fresh air.							
Eye Contact:	Check for and remove contact lenses. Flush eyes with cool, clean, low-pressure water while occasionally lifting and lowering eyelids. Seek medical attention if excessive tearing, readness, or pain persists.							
Skin Contact:	Remove contaminated shoes and clothing. Wipe off excess material. Wash exposed skin with soap and water. Seek medical attantion if tissue appears damaged or if irritation persists. Thoroughly clean contaminated clothing before reuse. Discard contaminated leather goods. If material is injected under the skin, into muscle, or into the blood stream, seek medical attention immediately.							
Ingestion:	Do not induce vomiting unless directed to by a physician. Do not give anything to drink unless directed to by a physician. Never give anything by mouth to a person who is not fully conscious. If large amounts are swallowed or irritation or discomfort occurs, seek medical attention immediately.							
Notes to Physician:	The viscosity range of the product(s) represented by this MSDS is 100 to 400 SUS at 100°F. Accordingly, upon ingestion there is a low to moderate risk of aspiration. Careful gastric lavage may be considered to evacuate large quantities of material. Subcutaneous or intramuscular injections requires prompt surgical debridement.							

### **SECTION 5 - FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES**

NFPA Flammability	
Classification:	OSHA/NFPA Class-IIIB combustible liquid. Slightly combustible!
Flash Point/Method:	CLOSED CUP: 210°C(410°F). (Pensky-Martens (ASTM D-93)) OPEN CUP: 238°(460°F)
	(Cleveland.).
Lower Flammable Limit	: No data
Upper Flammable Limit	: No data
Auto-Ignition Temp.:	Not available
Hazardous Comb	
ustion Products:	Carbon Dioxide, carbon monoxide, smoke fumes, unburned hydrocarbons and trace oxides of Sulfur and/or nitrogen.
Special Properties:	When heated above its flash point temperature, this material will release vapors which, if exposed to an ignition source, can ignite. In enclosed spaces vapors can ignite with explosive force. Mists or sprays may burn at temperatures below the flash point.
Extinguishing Media:	Use dry chemical, foam, Carbon Dioxide or water fog.
Fire Fighting Protective	
Clothing:	Firefighters must use full bunker gear including NIOSH-approved positive pressure self- contained breathing apperatus to protect against potental hazardous combustion or decomposition products and oxygen deficiencies

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### SECTION 6 - ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Take proper precautions to ensure your own health and safety before attempting spill control or clean-up. For more specific information, refer to Emergency Overview on Page 1, Exposure Controls and Personal Protection in Section 8, and Disposal Considerations in Section 13 of this MSDS.

Do not touch damaged containers or spilled material unless wearing appropriate protective equipment. Slipping hazard; do not walk through spilled material. Stop leak if you can do so without risk. For small spills, absorb or cover with dry earth, sand, or other inert non-combustible absorbent material and place into waste containers for later disposal. Contain large spills to maximize product recovery or disposal. Prevent entry into waterways or sewers. In urban area, cleanup spill as soon as possible. In natural environments, seek cleanup advice from specialists to minimize physical habitat damage. This material will float on water. Absorbent pads and similar materials can be used. Comply with all laws and regulations.

### SECTION 7 - HANDLING AND STORAGE

Handling:	Avoid water contamination and extreme temperatures to minimize product degradation.
	Empty containers may contain product residues that can ignite with explosive force. Do not pressurize, cut, weld, brase solder, drill, grind or expose containers to flames, sparks, heat or other potential ignition gauges. Consult appropriate federal, state and local authorities before
	other potential ignitionsources. Consult approprite federal, state and local authorities before reusing, reconditioning, reclaming, recycling or disposing of empty containers and/or waste residues of this product.
Storage:	Keep container closed. Do not store with strong oxidizing agents. Do not store at temperatures above 120°F or in direct sunlight for extened periods of time. Consult appropriate federal, state, and local authorities before reusing, reconditioning, reclaiming, recycling or disposing of empty containers or waste residues of this product.

### **SECTION 8 - EXPOSURE CONTROLS AND PERSONAL PROTECTION**

Engineering Controls:	Provide exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep the airborne concentrations
Engineering Cond ofs.	of mists and/or vapors below the recommended exposure limits (see below). An eye wash
	station and safety shower should be located near the work-station.
Personal Protective	
Equipment:	Personal protective equipment should be selected based upon the conditions under which this
	material is used. A hazard assessment of the work area for PPE requirements should be
	conducted by a qualified professional pursuant to OSHA regulations. For certain operations,
	additional PPE may be required.
Eye Protection:	Safety glasses equipped with side shields should be adequate protection under most conditions
	of use. Wear goggles and/or face shield if splashing or spraying is likely, especially if
Hand Protection:	material is heated above 125°F(or 51°C). Have suitable eye wash water available. Use gloves constructed of chemical resistant materials such as neoprene or heavy nitrate
Hand Flotection.	rubber if frequent or prolonged contact is expected. Use heat-protective gloves when
	handling product at elevated temperatures.
Body Protection:	Use clean and impervious protective clothing (e.g., neoprene or Tyvek <sup>®</sup> ) if splashing or
	spraying conditions are present. Protective clothing may include long-sleeve outer garment,
	apron, or lab coat. If significant contact occurs, remove oil-contaminated clothing as soon as
	possible and promptly shower. Launder contaminated before reuse or discard. Wear heat
	protective boots and protective clothing when handling material at elevated temperatures.
<b>Respiratory Protection:</b>	
	Respiratory protection is not anticipated under normal use conditions and with adequate
	ventilation. If elevated airborne concentrations above applicable workplace exposure levels
	are anticipated, a NIOSH-approved organic vapor respirator equipped with a dust/mist

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**General Comments:** 

prefilter should be used. Protection factors vary depending upon the type of respirator used. Respirators should be usedin accordance with OSHA requirements (29 CFR 1910.134). Use good personal hygiene practices. Wash hands and other exposed skin areas with plenty of mild soap and water before eating, drinking, smoking, use of toilet facilities, or leaving work. DO NOT use gasoline, kerosene, solvents, or harsh abrasive skin cleaners. Since specific exposure standards/control limits have not been established for this product, the "Oil Mist, Mineral" exposure limits shown below are suggested as minimum control guidelines.

Occupational Exposure GuidelinesSubstance: Applicable Workplace Exposure Levels:

Oil mist, mineral

TWA: 5 (mg/M<sup>3</sup>) from ACGIH (United States) STEL: 10 (mg/M<sup>3</sup>) ACGIH (United States) TWA: 5 (mg/M<sup>3</sup>) from OSHA (United States)

### SECTION 9 - PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Physical State: LiquidColor: Light Amber to AmberOdor: Mild Petroleum OdorSpecific Gravity: 0.88(Water = 1)pH: N/AVapor Density: GT 1 (Air = 1)Boiling Point/Range: N/AMelting/Freezing Point: N/AVapor Pressure: 0.01mm of Hg (20°C)Viscosity (cSt @ 40°C): 65Density: 7.30 Lbs/gal.Solubility in Water: Insoluble in cold waterViscosity (ASTM D2161) = 339 SUS @ 100°FVolatile Characteristics: Negligible volatilityAdditional Properties: Gravity, API (ASTM D287) = 30.0 @ 60°FSolubility in Water

### SECTION 10 - STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Chemical Stability:	Stable
Hazardous	
Polymerization:	Not expected to occur.
Conditions to Avoid:	Keep away from extreme heat, sparks, open flame and strong oxidizing conditions.
Materials Incompatibility:	Strong oxidizers
Hazardous	
Decomposition Products:	No additional hazardous decomposition products were identified other than the combustion products identified in section 5 of this MSDS.

### SECTION 11 - TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

For other health-related information, refer to the Emergency Overview on Page 1, and the Hazards identification in Section 3 of this MSDS.

Toxicity Data:Distillates, petroleum, solvent-refined heavy paraffinic:ORAL (LD50):Acute: >5000 mg/kg [Rat].DERMAL (LD50):Acute: >2000 mg/kg [Rabbit].

Distillates, petroleum, solvent-refined heavy paraffinic:

Mineral oil mists derived from highly refined oils are reported to have low acute and sub-acute toxicities in animals. Effects from single and short-term repeated exposures to high concentrations of mineral oil mists well above applicable workplace exposure levels include lung inflammatory reaction, lipoid granuloma formation and lipoid pneumonia. In acute and sub-acute studies involving exposures to lower concentrations of mineral oil mists at or near current work place exposure levels produced no significant toxicological effects. In long term studies (up to two years) no carcinogenic effects have been reported in any animal species tested. Analyses conducted by method IP346 indicate that the polycyclic aromatic concentration of this mineral oil is below 3.0 weight percent.

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### SECTION 12 - ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Eco-toxicity:	Analysis for ecological effects has not been conducted on this product. However, if spilled, this
	product and any contaminated soil or water may be harmful to human, animal, and aquatic life.
	Also, the coating action associated with petroleum and petroleum products can be harmful or
	fatal to aquatic life and waterfowl.
Environmental Fate:	An environmental fate analysis has not been conducted on this specific product. However,
	plants and animals may experience harmful or fatal effects when coated with petroleum-based
	products. Petroleum-based (mineral) lube oils will normally float on water. In stagnant or slow-
	flowing waterways, an oil layer can cover a large surface area. As a result, this oil layer might
	limit or eliminate natural atmospheric oxygen transport into the water. With time, if not
	removed, oxygen depletion in the waterway might be enough to cause a fish kill or create an
	anaerobic environment.

### $SECTION \ 13-DISPOSAL \ CONSIDERATIONS$

Hazard characteristic and regulatory waste stream classification can charge product use. Accordingly, it is the responsibility of the user to determine the proper storage, transportation, treatment and/or disposal methodologies for spent materials and residues at the time of disposition.

Conditions of use may cause this material to become a hazardous waste, as defined by Federal or State regulations. It is the responsibility of the user to determine if the material is a hazardous waste at the time of disposal. Transportation, treatment, storage and disposal of waste material must be conducted in accordance with RCRA regulations (see 40 CFR 260 through 40 CFR 271). State and/or local regulations may be more restrictive. Contact the RCRA/Superfund Hotline at (800) 424-9346 or your regional US EPA office for guidance concerning case specific disposal issues.

### SECTION 14 - TRANSPORT INFORMATION

DOT Status:	Not regulated by the U.S. Department of Transportation as a hazardous
	material.
Proper Shipping Name:	Not regulated
Hazard Class:	Not regulated
Packing Group(s):	Not applicable
UN/NA ID:	Not regulated
Reportable Quantity:	A Reportable Quantity (RQ) has not been established for any
	components of this material.
Placards:	Not applicable.
Emergency Response	
Guide No.:	Not applicable.
HAZMAT STCC No.:	2911990
MARPOL III Status:	Not a DOT "Marine Pollutant" per 49 CFR 171.8

### SECTION 15 – REGULATORY INFORMATION

TSCA Inventory:	This product and/or its components are listed on the Toxic Substance Control Act (TSCA)
	Inventory.
SARA 302/304:	The Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA) Title III requires
	Facilities subject to Subparts 302 and 304 to submit emergency planning and notification
	information based on Threshold Planing Quantities (TPQs) and Reportable Quantities (RQs)
	for "Extremely Hazardous Substances" listed in 40 CFR 302.4 and 40 CFR 355. No
	components were identified.
SARA 311/312:	The Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1989 (SARA) Title III Requires

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	Rietschle Thomas
	facilities subject to this subpart to submit aggregate information on chemicals by "Hazard Category" as defined in 40 CFR 370.2. This material would be classified under the following hazard categories:No SARA 311/312 Hazard categories identified.
SARA 313:	This product contains the following components in concentrations above de minimis levels that are listed as toxic chemicals in 40 CFR Part 372 pursuant to the requirements of Section 313 of SARA: No components were identified.
CERCLA:	The Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act of 1980 (CERCLA) requires notification of the National Response Center concerning release of quantities of "hazardous substances" equal to or greater than the reportable quantities (RQs) listed in 40 CFR 302.4. As defined by CERCLA, the term "hazardous substance" does not include petroleum, including crude oil or any fraction thereof which is not otherwise specifically designated in 40 CFR 302.4. This product or refinery stream is not known to contain chemical substances subject to this statute. However, it is recommended that you contact state and local authorities to determine if there are any other reporting requirements in the event of a spill.
CWA:	This material is classified as an oil under Section 311 of the Clean Air Act (CWA) and the Oil
	Pollution Act of 1990 (OPA). Discharges or spills which produce a visible sheen on waters of
California	the United States, their adjoining shorelines, or into conduits leading to surface waters must be reported to the EPA's National Response Center at (800) 424-8802.
Proposition 65:	This material may contain the following components which are known to the State of California to cause cancer, birth defects or other reproductive harm, and may be subject to the requirements of California Proposition 65 (CA Health & Safety Code Section 25249.5): Toluene: 0.0008%
New Jersey Right-To-Know Label:	Petroleum Oil
Additional Regulatory Remarks:	No additional regulatory remarks.

### **SECTION 16 – OTHER INFORMATION**

Revision: 4	Revision Date: 11/11/03		
ABBREVIATIONS :			
AP= Approximately	EQ= Equal		
GT= Grater Than	LT=Less Than		
NA=Not Applicable	ND=No Data		
NE= Not Established	ACGIH= American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists		
AIHA= American Ind. Hygiene Ass	sociation IARC=Internal Agency for Research on Cancer		
NTP=National Toxicology ProgramNIOSH=National Institute of Occupational Safety and Health			
OSHA= Occupational Safety and Health Administration			
NPCA=National Paint and Coating Manufactures Association			
HMIS= hazardous Materials Information System			
NFPA=National Fire Protection As	sociation EPA=Environmental Protection Agency		

All statements, information, and data provided in this Material Safety Data Sheet are believed to be accurate and reliable, but are presented without guarantee, warranty, or responsibility of any kind, expressed or implied on our part. Users should make their own investigations to determine the suitability of the information of products for their particular purpose.

Welch and DUOSEAL is a registered trademark of Welch Rietschle Thomas.

THE INFORMATION HEREIN IS GIVEN IN GOOD FAITH, BUT NO WARRANTY, EXPRESS OR IMPLIES, IS MADE.			
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# **NOTES:**

### WARRANTY

### UNPACKING

Inspect the pump carefully. If any damage has occurred, file claim with the carrier immediately. Save the shipping container for carrier to inspect.

### **OPERATING PUMP**

Refer to the enclosed Instruction/Operation Manual for all information to properly operate and maintain the pump.

### WARRANTY

This Welch Vacuum product is warranted to be free from defects in material and workmanship. The liability of Welch Rietschle Thomas under this warranty is limited to servicing, adjusting, repairing or replacing any unit or component part which in the judgment of Welch Rietschle Thomas has not been misused, abused or altered in any way causing impaired performance or rendering it inoperative. No other warranties are expressed or implied. The method of executing this warranty: servicing, adjusting, repairing or replacing shall be at the discretion of Welch Rietschle Thomas. Vacuum pumps that have been used for any period, however short, will be repaired under this warranty rather than replaced.

The warranty is effective for one year from the date of original purchase when:

- 1. The warranty card has been completed and returned.
- 2. The product is returned to the factory or other designated service centers, freight prepaid.
- 3. The product in our judgment is defective through no action or fault of the user.

If the product has become defective through misuse, abuse, or alteration, repairs will be billed regardless of the age of the product. In this event, an estimate of the repair costs will be submitted and authorization of these charges will be required before the product is repaired and returned.

To reduce additional charges and delays either within or outside of the warranty period, contact Welch Rietschle Thomas @847-676-8800 for a return authorization number. Products without a return authorization number will be refused by our receiving department. Before shipping, properly pack the pump, insure it against loss or damage, and on the outside of the pump packaging and the packing slip write in the return authorization number. Pumps damaged due to improper packaging are the customer's responsibil-

USA, Canada, Latin America Welch Rietschle Thomas P.O. Box 183 Skokie, IL 60076-0183 USA Phone: 847-676-8800 Fax (Technical): 847-677-8606 Fax (Orders): 920-451-4397 Email: welchvacuum@thomasind.com

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### Switzerland/Liechtenstein

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### Australia

Rietschle Thomas Australia, Pty. Ltd. 30 Bearing Road, Seven Hills New South Wales Australia 2147 Phone: 61 (2) 96 20 70 00 Fax: 61 (2) 96 20 79 55 Email: tiap@rtpumps.com

### New Zealand

Rietschle Thomas New Zealand P.O. Box 45 40 Anvil Road, Silverdale Auckland, New Zealand 1330 Tel: 64 9 426 0370 Fax: 64 9 426 0371 Email: tiap@rtpumps.com

### United Kingdom

Rietschle Thomas UK Unit 2, Alton Business Centre Omega Park, Alton Hants Hampshire GU34 2YU United Kingdom Phone: 01420 544 184 fax: 01420 544 183 E-mail: ukinfo@rtpumps.com

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### Korea

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### Brazil

Rietschle Thomas Brasilien Comérico Ltda. Rua Shigeru Hayashi, 49 CIC 81170-640 CURITIBA - PR Brazil Tel: 55 41 347 0492 Fax: 55 41 347 0290 Email: mschmidt@rtpumps.com

### Vacuum Pump Repair Facility

7301 North Central Ave. Skokie, Illinois 60077 Phone: (847) 676-8800 Ext. 1 Fax: (847) 677-8606

### **OWNER'S MANUAL**

For

DUOSEAL VACUUM PUMPS MODELS 1374, 1376, 1392, 1380, 1399, 1400, 1402, &1405 Part No. 67-0777

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